INUKTUT
UQAUSSILIURUT
INUKTUT AFFIX
DICTIONARY
INUKTUT
UQAUSILIURUT
ᐃᓄᒃᑐᐃᑦ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᒃᐱᒃ ᑕᐃᒎᓯᓕᐅᖅᐱᑦ
INUKTUT AFFIX
DICTIONARY
Foreword

Inuktut Uqausiliurut is part of a series of publications produced by Inuit Uqausinginnik Taiguusiliuqtiiit that provides an overview of Inuktut grammar.

Dictionaries are indispensable tools for the learners, speakers and writers of a given language to find out the meaning of unfamiliar words and understand better how words function. A challenge in creating dictionaries for Inuktut is that most words can be expanded and changed by adding one or several affixes in order to produce a wide range of different meanings. The combination of different roots (or word bases) with affixes and grammatical endings is virtually endless, making it impossible to create a dictionary that will capture the majority of words that are possible in Inuktut.

Instead, by breaking down words and looking at the meanings and function of roots, affixes and endings, the dictionary user may have an easier time understanding how meaning is constructed in Inuktut.

The first book in this series, Inuktut Uqausiup Aaqqiksuingit, looked at the meaning of grammatical endings. This current publication looks at affixes, also known as suffixes or postbases.

As with the first book, this edition uses the North Qikiqtaaluk dialect as a base. This will provide a template for documenting affixes and their variations from other dialects in the future.

Inuit Uqausinginnik Taiguusiliuqtiiit welcomes feedback and suggestions from users regarding the content of our publications, how information is presented and the accuracy of the forms and examples we provide.

About Inuit Uqausinginnik Taiguusiliuqtiiit

Inuit Uqausinginnik Taiguusiliuqtiiit is a language authority for Inuktut created by the Legislative Assembly of Nunavut. Its purpose is to document and share expertise on the Inuit Language and to make decisions about the language on behalf of all Nunavummiut. The powers and duties of the Inuit Uqausinginnik Taiguusiliuqtiiit are contained in the Inuit Language Protection Act.

This legislation provides Inuit Uqausinginnik Taiguusiliuqtiiit with the broad powers and the independence to carry out their work. This includes expanding the knowledge and expertise available regarding Inuktut, its traditional forms, regional variants and local dialects.
About Pirurvik

The Pirurvik Centre is an Inuit-owned company dedicated to creating new opportunities for teaching and learning Inuit language, culture and wellbeing. Since 2004, Pirurvik has developed and delivered training programs that build language skills in Inuktut and provide learners with a deeper appreciation of Inuit knowledge and a stronger sense of Inuit identity.

Pirurvik creates all of its own teaching and learning resources and has developed expertise in researching and documenting how Inuktut is used by articulate speakers. This work contributes to the efforts in Nunavut to set high standards of quality for spoken and written Inuktut for today’s generations and as a legacy for the future.
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About Affixes

Affixes in Inuktut are pieces of words that normally appear between the root (or base of the word) and the grammatical ending. An affix can never start a word; instead it adds additional information to the root in order to shape the meaning of the word as a whole. Many affixes can appear at the end of a word although, in most cases, an affix is followed either by another affix or a grammatical ending. It is also possible for an Inuktut word to have no affix at all.

The entries in this dictionary provide the following information regarding each affix.

Meaning

Each entry provides an explanation in English of the possible meanings of the affix along with examples of complete words in which the affix appears.

The Grammatical Function of Affixes

Affixes play a grammatical role in determining whether the words in which they appear function as nouns or as verbs.

Some affixes change a verb root into a noun, some change a noun root into a verb and some make no change to the grammatical function of the root to which they are added. In this dictionary, we mark the four possible functions in this way:

verb ➔ verb: The affix is added to a verb root or verb affix and is followed by a verb affix or ending.

verb ➔ noun: The affix is added to a verb root or verb affix and changes the word to a noun. It may be followed by a noun affix or ending.

noun ➔ verb: The affix is added to a noun root or noun affix and changes the word to a verb. It is followed by a verb affix or ending.

noun ➔ noun: The affix is added to a noun root or noun affix and may be followed by a noun affix or ending.
Phonology of Affixes

When affixes are added to roots and other affixes, changes in sound often occur. A number of changes are possible:

• The sound that comes immediately before the affix may be dropped:

  Naujaat + liaq + tut = Naujaliaqtut

• The sound that comes immediately before the affix may be vocalized (t- changes to l-, k- changes to -g or ng-, q- changes to r-):

  niuviq + vik = niuvirvik

• The first sound of the affix may change depending on the sound that comes before it:

  ani + junnaq + tusi = anijunnaqtusi
  pisuk + gunnaq + tusi = pisugunnaqtusi
  isiq + runnaq + tusi = isirunnaqtusi

• The affix may change substantially depending on the sound that comes before it:

  ani + jariaqaq + tunga = anijariaqaqtunga
  pisuk + giaqaq + tunga = pisugiaqaqtunga

• Some affixes do not make any changes in sound:

  aullaq + sima + juq = aullaqsimajuq

For each affix, there may be up to four different changes in sound that occur depending on the sound that comes immediately before it.

Most of the affixes in this dictionary are presented with information on what happens when they follow:

• a vowel sound
• a t- sound
• a k- sound
• a q- sound
How to Use this Dictionary

The affixes described in this dictionary are presented in alphabetical order, according to the form each affix takes when it follows a vowel sound. For example, the affix -junnaq- / -tunnaq- / -gunnaq- / -runnaq- is listed under -junnaq-, the form the affix takes when it follows a vowel sound.

NG is treated as a single letter according to the standardized writing system in use in Nunavut.

The information for each entry follows this format:

- **the affix and each of its phonological variations**
- **grammatical function of the affix within a word**
- **meanings of the affix in English (numbered)**
- **examples demonstrating each possible meaning of the affix**
- **table with the forms the affix takes following the four possible preceding sounds**

### -juminaq-
- **verb → verb**
  - **1.** to create interest or desire in (tiking something)
    - takjuminaqtoyq
    - tusauminaqtoquq
    - It is great to see; to be pleasant to look at.
  - **2.** marks an action that is worthwhile or ideal
    - akuminaqtoyq
    - makjuminaqtoyq
    - It would be good to put right side up.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-a</td>
<td>niri</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t</td>
<td>kajutlit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k</td>
<td>numikvak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q</td>
<td>niiviq</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
All of the content of this publication is available on uqausiit.ca, the most comprehensive dictionary on Inuktut available on the internet.

uqausiit.ca features a database with thousands of examples of Inuktut words from a range of dialects in Nunavut. You can search for the complete words and phrases, as well as explore the roots, affixes and endings that make them up.

uqausiit.ca also features free digital copies of the publications of Inuit Uqausinginnik Taiguusiliuqtiiit dedicated to Inuktut grammar making it an invaluable resource to Inuktut speakers, learners, educators and anyone with an interest in the language.
verb ➔ verb

1. marks a sustained or continuous action

qimaajuq
*He has left for a prolonged period.*

tusaa Junga
*I hear something (a continuous sound).*
verb ➔ verb

1. used to tell someone to do something quickly or for a particular reason

niriallagit!
*Have a little to eat! (before you do something else)*

pulaarallagit!
*Have a little visit (before you go do something else)*

Notes on sound:

After a double vowel sound, this affix can begin with an *r-*,

qairallagit!
*Come here for a second!*

-i/-u/-a +

**taku-**

**takuallagit!**
*Take a peek!; Take a quick look!*

-k +

**sinik-**

**siniallagit!**
*Sleep a little (before doing something else)!*

-q +

**miqsuq-**

**miqsuallagit!**
*Sew a little!*
-aluk(-)

nound ➔ noun

1. marks something that is large or something there is a lot of

\textbf{iglu aluk}

\textit{a big house}


verb ➔ noun

2. someone who does something in an exaggerated way

\textbf{niriju aluqqaujunga}

\textit{Wow, I ate a lot!}

3. to express surprise or displeasure about the actions of someone or something

\textbf{aullaqtualuulauqtuq}

\textit{She left town (and the speaker is not happy about this).}


verb ➔ verb

4. an action that happens to a great extent

\textbf{anuraaqtualuk}

\textit{It is very windy.}

\[ -i/-u/-a + \text{iji} \]

\textbf{ijialuk}

\textit{a big eye}

\[ -t + \text{aluut} + i \]

\textbf{aluutialuk}

\textit{a big serving spoon}

\[ -k + \text{pisiksik} \]

\textbf{pisiksiialuk}

\textit{a big bow}

\[ -q + \text{uqsuq} \]

\textbf{uqsualuk}

\textit{gasoline}
**-anik-**

verb ➔ verb

1. to finish doing an activity; to have already done something

   **pianiksimavit?**  
   *Have you finished? / Are you already done?*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prefix</th>
<th>Stem</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>qaujima-</td>
<td><strong>qaujimaaniktugut</strong></td>
<td>We are already aware.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>tikit-</td>
<td><strong>tikianiktut</strong></td>
<td>They arrived already.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>kunik-</td>
<td><strong>kunianiktuuk</strong></td>
<td>They have kissed already.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>tusaq-</td>
<td><strong>tusaaniktut</strong></td>
<td>They already heard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Affix</td>
<td>Example</td>
<td>Meaning</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
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<td>----------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>-annuk-</td>
<td></td>
<td>1. used for expressing affection for someone or something that the speaker values highly or finds cute or nice</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>irniannuga</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>my dear son</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>kammiaannuukkak</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>my kammiik that I particularly like</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>ani</td>
<td><strong>aniannuga</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>my dear brother (female speaking)</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>nunasiut + i</td>
<td><strong>nunasiutiannuga</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>my great little car</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>kingmik</td>
<td><strong>kingmiannuga</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>my beautiful heel</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>illuq</td>
<td><strong>illuannuga</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>my dear cousin</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-aq terrestrial</td>
<td>noun</td>
<td>noun</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. something that is not fully developed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>sikuaq</strong></td>
<td>a layer of thin ice that forms on water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>nattiaq</strong></td>
<td>a young (immature) seal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -arjuk(-)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| noun ➔ noun | 1. something small | niqiarjuk  
* a small piece of meat  
piarjunga  
* her small object |
| verb ➔ verb | 2. to do something to a limited extent | takuarjuktunga  
* I took a peek. |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a +  | ulu  | uluarjuga    
* my little ulu |
| -t +        | qilaut + i | qilautiarjuk  
* a small drum |
| -k +        | inuk  | inuarjuk     
* a small person |
| -q +        | qimmiq | qimmiarjuk   
* a small dog |
-galak(-)

noun ➔ noun
1. a small number of something
   arraagu galangnit
   over a few years

verb ➔ verb
2. marks an action or activity happening
to a limited extent or involving small
numbers
   takugalarataaqtuq
   She saw a little bit.

   Nirigalainnasuuq unnuakkut.
   He often eats a little in the middle
   of the night.
Inuktut Affix Dictionary

-**galuaq**-
-**kkaluaq**-
-**raluaq**-

verb ➔ verb

1. although; even though

Ippaksaq tiki**kkaluaq**łuta
takulaunngittavut.
Even though we arrived yesterday, we didn’t see him.

apirigo**galuaq**tanga
I asked him/her, but...

Piita taqag**galuarami** sanainnaqtuminq.
Although Piita was exhausted, he kept working.

Maata makik**kaluarngat** qaujinninngitara.
I didn’t even notice when Maata got up.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>ani-</th>
<th><strong>anijumagaluaq</strong>łuni</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>even though he wanted to leave</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-t +</th>
<th>tikit-</th>
<th><strong>tikikkaluaq</strong>łuni</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>even though she arrived</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-k +</th>
<th>pisuk-</th>
<th><strong>pisukkaluaq</strong>łuni</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>even though he walked</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-q +</th>
<th>aullaq-</th>
<th><strong>aullaraluaq</strong>łuni</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>even though she departed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
verb ➔ noun

1. changes a verb to a noun: something that is...

**imigaq**
a drink of something; a soft drink

**maligaq**
a law (something that is followed)

**kaligaq**
a trailer (something that is towed)

**ilinniagaq**
learning material
noun ➔ verb

1. to bring something along somewhere

**quk**iutig**g**iilaaq**t**un**g**a
I will bring a gun.

**atig**i**g**iilaaq**t**uq
He will bring a caribou skin parka.

- **i/-u/-a +**
  - **pana**
  - pana
  - panag**g**iilaaq**t**unga
    - I will bring a snow knife.

- **t +**
  - amaut + i
  - amautig**g**ilaunngittuq
    - She didn’t bring her amaut.

- **k +**
  - savik
  - savi**g**irunnaqtu**t**it
    - You can bring your knife.

- **q +**
  - nasaq
  - nasaq
  - nasag**g**irlutit
    - Bring your hat.
verb ➔ verb

1. This affix creates a relationship between the subject and object of a transitive verb. The affix is followed by an ending that expresses both the subject and the object of the verb root.

   *nagli*gi
   *jagit*
   *I love you.*

   *kappia*gi
   *janga*
   *He is afraid of him.*

noun ➔ verb

2. to have: used frequently to express relationships

   *pani*gi
   *gakku*
   *because she is my daughter*

   *Uluusi nulia*ri
   *viuk?*
   *Is Uluusi your wife?*

-i/-u/-a +

   *iqia-*
   *iqiagijara*
   *I find it/him/her boring.*

-t +

   *appiqqut + i*
   *appiqqutigijara*
   *The question I have is…*

-k +

   *niriuk-*
   *niriugijara*
   *My hope is that…*

-q +

   *mamaq-*
   *mamari*viuk?
   *Do you like the taste of it?*
-giaq-
-riaq-

verb ➔ verb

1. to start to do something; to try to do something

**nirigialiqtut**
They have started to eat.

**takugiaqtavut**
We tried to see them; the ones we tried to see.

**upagiaqtaminga**
She tried to go to him.

### Affixes:

- **-i/-u/-a +**

  **tigu-**
  
  **tugiaqtanga**
  She made an attempt to take it.

- **-t +**

  **tikit-**
  
  **Qangatasuuq tik giaqtuugaluaq.**
  The plane made an attempt to arrive.

- **-k +**

  **pisuk-**
  
  **pisugiaqtuq**
  He attempted to walk.

- **-q +**

  **utiq-**
  
  **utiriaqtut**
  They started heading back.
-giik / -giit
-riik / -riit

noun ➔ noun

1. a pair or a group of people or objects where one is identified through the root of the word

nulia’riik / uigiik
a husband and wife

akira’riik
a pair of opponents; enemies

ila’giit
a family

pinnguaqatigiit
teammates

noun ➔ verb

2. to do things as a pair or a group

angiqatigiit’tuuk
The two are in agreement.

qatanngutigiit’tuguk
We are siblings.

-i/-u/-a + ajji-

ajji’giik
two thing that are the same

-t + ikinngut + i

ikinngut’giik
two people born on the same day

-k + panik

pani’giik
a daughter and her parent

-q + nutaraq

nutarariik
a parent and child
### -gjuaq
#### noun ➔ noun

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>sila</td>
<td>silarjuaq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>the atmosphere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>aluut + i</td>
<td>aluutirjuaq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>tablespoon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>ilinniarvik</td>
<td>ilinniarvigjuaq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>a big school; high school</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>qikiqtaq</td>
<td>qikiqtarjuaq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>a big island</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-guk-
-ruk-

noun ➔ verb 1. to crave something; to feel the physical need for something

tuktuguktuq
She is craving caribou meat.

imiruktuq
He is thirsty.

-i/-u/-a + nikku nikkuguktut
They are craving dried caribou meat.

-k + kuku kukuguktunga
I am craving chocolate.

-q + siirnaqtuq siirnaqturuktunga
I’m craving something sweet.
-guluk

noun ➔ noun

1. used to minimize the importance of something; expresses disparagement

  unaguluk
  this person/thing of little importance

  taingnaguluk
  that bothersome person over there
### -gusuk-  
verb ➔ verb

1. to feel an emotion or physical sensation

**ilingnik nagligusuktuq**
*She loves you.*

**ujjirusuktut**
*They notice something.*

**quirusuktuq**
*He feels the urge to cough.*

**kaapiturusuktunga**
*I feel like having a coffee.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>akuni-</th>
<th>akunigusuktut</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>They feel like it’s been a long time.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| -t + | qungat- | qungagusunnngittuq |
|      |        | *He does not feel like smiling.* |

| -k + | tautuk- | tautugusunnngittara |
|      |        | *I don’t feel like watching it.* |

| -q + | aksururnaq- | aksururnarusuktuq |
|      |            | *She is experiencing emotional turmoil.* |
### -guuq

**verb ending**

1. used to report something someone said

   namiippa**guuq**?
   
   *Where did he say it was?*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>mamiappa</th>
<th>mamiappaguuq</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>mamiappa</td>
<td><em>Did she say she was sorry?</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-t +</th>
<th>qaigita</th>
<th>qaigigguuq</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>qaigita</td>
<td><em>She is telling you to come.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-k +</th>
<th>tikittuuk</th>
<th>tikittuuguuq</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>tikittuuk</td>
<td><em>They say the two have arrived.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-q +</th>
<th>nirisimajuq</th>
<th>nirisimajuruuq</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>nirisimajuq</td>
<td><em>He said he had eaten.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -ijaq-  
-aijaq-  
-ngijaq-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Case</th>
<th>Verb</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| noun | verb | 1. to remove something; to be deprived of something | piluijaqtanga  
She removes the caribou hair from it.  

paungijarlugu  
Clean the soot off! |
|       |      | 2. coldness of body parts | isigaijaqtunga  
I have cold feet.  

siutaijaqtunga  
I have cold ears. |

| -i/-u/-a + | ila | ilaijaqtut  
They have lost family members (due to death). |
| -t + | aput | aputaijarlugu  
Clear the snow off! |
| -k + | aluru | aluruluijaut  
a mat to remove dirt from the bottom of the feet |
| -q + | qinga | qingaijaqtunga  
I have a cold nose. |
| after long vowel or double vowel | ulu | uluangaijaqtunga  
I have cold cheeks. |
-illi-
-ailli-

noun ➔ verb

1. to break or to seriously injure a body part

singirniillijuq
He has injured his ankle.

2. to have a belonging that is damaged or broken

qarasaujaillijuq
Her computer is damaged or broken.

qamutaillijuq
Her qamutiik broke.

-i/-u/-a +

iji

ijiillijunga
I have injured my eye.

-t +

qukiut

qukiutaillijuq
His rifle is broken.

-k +

ikusik

ikusiillijuq
He injured his elbow.

-q +

taliq

taliillijuq
He has broken his arm.
**-innaq-**  
**-nginnaq-**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| verb → verb | 1. to go ahead anyway or in spite of something  
*aullainnaqtuq*  
She left town anyway. |
| -i/-u/-a + isumagi- | *isumagiinnaqattaqtara*  
I think about it all the time. |
| -t + tikit- | *tikiinnarniaqtut*  
They will arrive anyway. |
| -k + pisuk- | *pisuinnalauqtut*  
They walked all that time. |
| -q + inngiq- | *inggiinnaqtuq*  
She sang anyway. |

*after long vowel or double vowel*  
qai-  
*qaiinggiinnaqtuq*  
She is coming anyway.
### -innaujaq-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -innaujaq- | 1. to do something regularly (seemingly all the time)                  | aullainnaujaqtuuk  
The two of them are always travelling. |
| -nginnaujaq- |                                                                       |                                                                         |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a + | sana- | sanainnaujaqtuq  
She does nothing but work. |
| -t + | qungat- | qungainnaujaqtuq  
He is always smiling. |
| -k + | sinik- | siniinnaujaqtuq  
He is always sleeping. |
| -q + | uqaq- | uqainnaujaqtuq  
She always tells. |

### Notes
- After long vowel or double vowel:
  - pinnguaq-: pinnguanganinnaujaqtut  
    They are playing all the time.
-iq-  
-aiq-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>suffix</th>
<th>part of speech</th>
<th>example word</th>
<th>translation</th>
<th>explanation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>noun → verb</td>
<td>iji</td>
<td>ijiqtujuq</td>
<td>His eye was removed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td></td>
<td>amaut</td>
<td>amautaiqtuq</td>
<td>She took off her amaut.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td></td>
<td>qipik</td>
<td>qipiiqtuq</td>
<td>He took the blanket off.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td></td>
<td>qulittaq</td>
<td>qulltaiqtuq</td>
<td>He took off his qulittaq.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. to remove an article of clothing

nasaiqtunga
*I took off my hat/hood.*

2. to be without something

uqsuiqtugut
*We are out of fuel.*
### -iqsiq-
### -ngiqsiq-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Noun to Verb</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>noun to verb</td>
<td>pualu</td>
<td>pualuiqsiqtunga</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>noun to verb</td>
<td>amaut + a</td>
<td>amautaiqsiqtuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>noun to verb</td>
<td>kamik</td>
<td>kamiiqsiqtunga</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>noun to verb</td>
<td>qimmiq</td>
<td>qimmiiqsiqtuq</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- After long vowel or double vowel, -ngiqsiq- is used:
  - kii | kiingiqsiqtunga | I lost my key. |
-iqsuq-

noun ➔ verb

1. to do something a certain number of times.

*Pingasiqsuq*łuni uqalulauqtuq.*
*She called three times.*

*qassi*iqsuq*łusi nirilaupispis?*
*How many times did you eat?*

-t +

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>talimat</th>
<th>talimaiqsiqtut</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>They did it five times.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

-k +

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>marruuq</th>
<th>Marruiqsuq*łunnuk anilauqtugut.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>We went out twice.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


-it-

verb ➔ verb

1. to be the contrary of the concept expressed by the root

nittaittuq
The weather is not clear.

-i/-u/-a + sukka-
sukkaittuq
It is slow.

-t + tappit-
tapiittuq
He has poor eyesight.

-k + manik-
maniittuq
It is rough (an uneven surface).

-q + iqaq-
iqaittuq
He is agile.
-jaaq-

noun ➔ verb

1. to have the appearance of something or someone

Normally follows the verb maker -u-

uvangaujaaqtuq
She looks like me.

ivviu jaaqtuq
He looks like you.

llisapiu jaaqtuq
She looks like Elizabeth.

manniu jaaqtuq
It looks like an egg.

tuktuujaaqtuq
It looks like (has the appearance of) a caribou.

aupajaaqtuq
(depending on dialect) pink; orange; it is almost like the colour red.
verb → noun

1. changes a verb to a noun with a passive meaning: something that has something done to it repeatedly

- **tamuajagaq**
  chewing gum

- **amujagaq**
  a dresser

- **sanajagaq**
  a project; something that is worked on

- **takujagaq**
  something to be seen; an item in a museum
### -jaq

**verb ➔ noun**

1. changes a verb to a noun with a passive meaning: something that one...

   - **tigujaq**
     - something that was taken

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>niri-</th>
<th><strong>nirijaq</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>something that is eaten</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-t +</th>
<th>papat-</th>
<th><strong>papattaq</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>something that is kept</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-k +</th>
<th>qimak-</th>
<th><strong>qimaktaq</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>something that is left behind</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-q +</th>
<th>inngiq-</th>
<th><strong>inngiqtaq</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>the song that is/was sung</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
verb ➔ verb

1. to go somewhere to do a particular action.

**Aatuvaamut pinnguariaqtulauqtut**
They went to Ottawa to compete.

**nulalirijaqturniaqtunga**
I’m going to go and tend to the fishing nets.

-i/-u/-a + sana-  
**sanajaqturniaqtunga**
I’ll be going to work.

-t + tikit-  
**tikittaqtuliqtuq**
It is close to arriving.

-k + nunivak-  
**nunivagiaqturniaqtugut**
We are going to go berry picking.

-q + qajuqtuq-  
**qajuqturiaqturniaqtut**
They will be going somewhere to eat kajuq.
**-jariaksaq**
**-tariaksaq**
**-giaksaq**
**-riaksaq**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Morpheme</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>verb</strong> → <strong>noun</strong></td>
<td>1. describes the act of doing a particular activity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Quviagijara tusariaksaq.</strong></td>
<td><em>I am happy to hear that.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sanajariaksaq sapiqtuq.</strong></td>
<td><em>He is overwhelmed at the thought of making it.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Akilijunnariaksaminik nalujuq.</strong></td>
<td><em>He doesn't know if he will be able to pay.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tunisijariaksaq kanngusuktunga.</strong></td>
<td><em>I am shy about giving.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Morpheme</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>-i/-u/-a</strong> +</td>
<td><strong>Ilinniaqtittijariaksaq quviagijara.</strong> <em>I enjoy teaching.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>-t</strong> +</td>
<td><strong>Nikuvittariaksaq uluriagijara</strong> <em>I am afraid to stand up.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>-k</strong> +</td>
<td><strong>Pisugiaksaq quviagijavut.</strong> <em>We enjoy walking.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>-q</strong> +</td>
<td><strong>Mumiriaksaq quviangittara.</strong> <em>I don't enjoy dancing.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -jarialik

**verb** ➞ **noun**  

1. something that needs something done to it  

- **uasa**-rialik  
  *It needs to be washed.*  

- **asijji**-rialik  
  *It needs to be changed.*  

- **sakkut**-tarialik  
  *It has to be let go/released.*

### -i/-u/-a + tuni-

**tunijarialik**  
*It has to be given; handed in.*

### -t + qamit-

**qamittarialik**  
*It has to be turned off/extinguished.*

### -k + niksik-

**niksigialik**  
*You have to hook it.*

### -q + akiliq-

**akilirialik**  
*It must be paid.*
1. marks an action that one has to do or is obliged to do

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Verb</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>jariaaqaq</td>
<td>action that one has to do</td>
<td>tutijariaaqqtait</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tariaqar</td>
<td>action that one has to do</td>
<td>takujariaqarakku</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>giaqar</td>
<td>action that one has to do</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>riaqar</td>
<td>action that one has to do</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **-i/-u/-a + ani-**  
  `anijariaaqqtunga`  
  *I have to leave.*

- **-t + aqut-**  
  `aquttariaqarama`  
  *because I have to drive*

- **-k + pisuk-**  
  `pisugiaqarniaqtutit`  
  *You are going to have to walk.*

- **-q + nuqqaq-**  
  `nuqqariaqqtunga`  
  *I have to stop.*
verb ➔ verb

1. to finish doing something
   
   *pijariiqpisi?*
   
   Are you (3+) done?
   
   *katimajariiqpugut*
   
   We are finished meeting.

2. to have already done something
   
   *angiriiqsimajut*
   
   They have already agreed.

- *i/-u/-a + sana-*
  
  *sanajariiruma*
  
  When I am finished working.

- *t + taikaniit-*
  
  *taikaniittariiqtut*
  
  They are already there.

- *k + pattak-*
  
  *pattagiiqppisi?*
  
  Have you finished playing cards?

- *q + misuq-*
  
  *miqsuriinnngittunga*
  
  I am not finished sewing yet.
-jariuq-
-tariuq-
-giuq-
-riuq-

verb → verb

1. to do something for the first time

nirijariuqpiuk?
Is it the first time you are eating it?

Panaanaturiulauqtuq panilaara.
My baby daughter ate banana for the first time.

-i/-u/-a +

-t +

-k +

-q +

taku-

saqqit-

nattirasuk-

atuq-

takujariulauqtara
I saw it for the first time.

saqqittariulauqtuq
It appeared for the first time.

nattirasugiuqtuq
He is going seal hunting for the first time.

aturiuqtanga
She is using it for the first time.
### -jau- -tau-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a + qaiqu- | verb → verb | qaiqujaut | Maata angirraqujaujuq  
You were invited. |
| -t + tikit- | 1. marks the passive form of a verb: 'something happens to someone/something'  
aijau laaqtutit  
You will be picked up.  
Maata angirraqujaujuq  
Maata was asked to go home. | tikttaujunga  
someone/something has arrived for me |
| -k + tiglik- | tikttaujunga  
someone/something has arrived for me | tigliktaujuq  
It was stolen. |
| -q + ikajuq- | ikajuqtaujumavit?  
Do you want to be helped? |
### verb → noun

1. one who performs a certain action or occupation

| -i/-u/-a + | tusaa- | tusaa\(\text{ji}\) | an interpreter |
| -t + | maqait- | maqait\(\text{ti}\) | a hunter |
| -k + | angunasuk- | angunasuk\(\text{ti}\) | a hunter |
| -q + | titiraq- | titiraq\(\text{ti}\) | a writer |
**-jjaanngit-**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Root Verb</th>
<th>Explanation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>tigu-</td>
<td>1. indicates that an action or activity will not be happening the same day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>qaijjaanngittut</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>They will not be coming.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>tikit-</td>
<td><em>Qangatasuuq tiki jjaanngittuq.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>The plane will not be arriving.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>pattak-</td>
<td><em>patta jjaanngittunga</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>I will not be playing cards.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>tuktuliaq-</td>
<td><em>tuktulia jjaanngittut</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>They will not be going caribou hunting.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -jjaikkut

**verb ➔ noun**

1. a device or material that prevents an action from happening

   **isigiaja**
   **jjaikkut**
   something used to keep one’s feet from getting cold

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a + pillui- | **pillui**
   **jjaikkut**
   a knee brace |
| -t + nipit- | **nipi**
   **jjaikkut**
   material used to stop something from sticking |
| -k + masak- | **masaj**
   **jjaikkut**
   something worn to prevent getting wet |
| -q + suvij- | **suvijaik**
   **jik**
   something that prevents drafts of cold air from entering |
-jjarik-

verb ➔ verb 1. describes an object with intense or vivid appearance
   qirnijjariktuq
   It is very black.

verb ➔ verb 2. something that is easily impacted by an action
   surajjariktuq
   It is easily broken.

-i/-u/-a + tili- tilijjariktuq
   someone who can easily be asked to do an errand

-t + qungat- qungajjariktuq
   one with a striking smile

-k + qalluk qallujjariktuq
   a person with bushy eyebrows

-q + aupaq- aupajjariktut
   They are an intense colour of red.
verb ➔ noun 1. habit; custom; way in which something is typically done

Nirijjusinga piuginnginnakku.
I don’t like the way he eats.

-k + pisuk- pisugusinga
her way of walking

-q + inngiq- Inngirusinga piugijara.
I like the way she sings.
verb ➔ noun

1. an instrument or tool for performing a particular action

  *ilisaijjut*
  a lesson

  *uqaluut*
  a phone

  *nunakkuurut*
  a car

  *titiraut*
  pencil; pen

---

- **i/-u/-a +**

  *tusaa*

  *tusaajjut*
  hearing aid

- **-t +**

  *qungat*

  *qungajjutiik*
  parts of the face used to make a smile

- **-k +**

  *pila*

  *pilaut*
  a knife used for butchering seals

- **-q +**

  *kisa*

  *kisaut*
  an anchor
verb ➔ verb

1. something that increases and decreases in intensity

*Anuri tiki jjuumijaktuq.*
*The wind comes in sudden gusts.*

*saqqijjuumijaktuq*
*He/she/it appears periodically.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>qiasi-</th>
<th>qiasi jjuumijaktut</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>They start to cry every so often.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-t +</th>
<th>qanuit-</th>
<th>qanui jjuumijaktuq</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>His condition gets bad at times.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| -k + | sajuk- | sajug jjuumijaktunga.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>My body shakes come and go.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-q +</th>
<th>quiqsuq-</th>
<th>quiqsur jjuumijaktuq</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>Her coughs come in bouts.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -juit

verb ➔ verb

1. marks an action that never happens

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Root</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>qinu-</td>
<td>qinujuittuq</td>
<td>(the infant) is never cranky.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>qungat-</td>
<td>qungajuijtuq</td>
<td>He never smiles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>auk-</td>
<td>aujuittuq</td>
<td>It never melts/thaws.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>pируq-</td>
<td>pируjuittuq</td>
<td>It will never grow.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **uqajuittuq**
  - She never speaks.
- **sikujuittuq**
  - It never forms ice; a polynya
verb ➔ verb

1. to want to do something

nirijumajut
They want to eat.

Qattinnik pijumavit?
How many do you want?

ingittumavit?
Do you want to sit down?

-i/-u/-a +

ani-

anijumagatta
because we want to leave

-t +

papat-

papattumaviuk?
Do you want to keep it?

-k +

sinik-

sinigumalauqtut
They wanted to sleep.

-q +

uqaq-

uqarumavit?
Do you want to say something?
verb ➞ verb

1. marks an action or event that will happen in the distant future

\textit{titirarvigijumaaqtaitit}
\textit{She will write to you one day.}

\begin{itemize}
\item \textbf{-i/-u/-a + arraaguu-}
\textit{arraaguu jumaaqtumi}
\textit{next year}
\item \textbf{-t + tikit-}
\textit{tikittumaaqtuti}
\textit{They will arrive one day.}
\item \textbf{-k + surak-}
\textit{Suragumaaqtuq silarjuaq.}
\textit{The earth will end one day.}
\item \textbf{-q + aullaq-}
\textit{aullarumaaqtuti}
\textit{They will eventually depart.}
\end{itemize}
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Verb Structure</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>-juminaq-</strong></td>
<td><strong>taku juminaq tuq</strong>&lt;br&gt;It is great to see; It is pleasant to look at.</td>
<td>1. to create interest or desire in doing something</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>-tuminaq-</strong></td>
<td><strong>tusa ruminaqtullaaluk</strong>&lt;br&gt;That is so interesting!</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>-guminaq</strong></td>
<td><strong>akaujuminaq tuq</strong>&lt;br&gt;It is the best way to go.</td>
<td>2. marks an action that is worthwhile or ideal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>-ruminaq-</strong></td>
<td><strong>makitittuminaq tuq</strong>&lt;br&gt;It would be good to put right side up.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>-i/-u/-a + niri-</strong></td>
<td><strong>nirijuminaq tuq</strong>&lt;br&gt;It would be good to eat.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>-t + kajusitit-</strong></td>
<td><strong>kajusitittuminaq tuq</strong>&lt;br&gt;It is something worthwhile to pursue.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>-k + nunivak-</strong></td>
<td><strong>nunivaguminaq tuq</strong>&lt;br&gt;It would be lovely to pick berries.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>-q + niuviq-</strong></td>
<td><strong>niuviruminaq tuq</strong>&lt;br&gt;It would be good to buy.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
verb ➔ verb

1. to be able to perform an action

ikumajunnaqtuq
It can be lit (qulliq, etc.).

qairulijunnamijuq
It could also be a harp seal.

takujunnammariktaa
You can actually see it.

-i/-u/-a +

ilau-

ilaujunnaqpunga
Can I join you?; Can I come along?

-t +

aqut-

aquttunnnngittut
They are unable to drive.

-k +

ullak-

ullagunnnngittunga
I am unable to run.

-q +

uqakkanni-

uqakkannirunnaqpiuk?
Can you say it again?
-junniiq-
-tunniiq-
-gunniiq-
-runniiq-

verb ➔ verb  1. marks an action that has ended; 'no longer'

nirijunniqtuq
He stopped eating.

nalunaruunniqtuq
It is clear or obvious now.

pitaqaruunniirmat
because there are none left

-i/-u/-a +       sana-

sanajunniqpat
When she is no longer working; done work for the day.

-t +            qunngat-

qunngattunniqtuq
He is no longer smiling.

-k +            maquk-

maqugunniqtuq
It has stopped raining.

-q +            piqsiq-

piqsi runniqtuq
The blizzard is over.
-kaallak-

verb ➔ verb

1. marks an action that happens suddenly

**saqqi kaallaktuq**
*He/she/it suddenly appeared.*

|-i/-u/-a + | ani- | **ani kaallaktuq**
| She suddenly went out. |

|-t + | ikit- | **iki kaallalauqtuq**
| It suddenly ignited. |

|-k + | ninngak- | **ninngakaallaktuq**
| She suddenly got angry. |

|-q + | utiq- | **utikaallaktuq**
| He/she/it suddenly returned. |
### -kasak(-)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>verb ➔ verb</strong></th>
<th>1. marks an action that is incomplete; ‘almost’</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>siniliksakuq</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>He almost fell asleep.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>puigukasaktunga</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>I almost forgot.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Taununngalimaa kasak tisujuq.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>He/she/it slid almost all the way down.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>noun ➔ noun</strong></th>
<th>2. most of a specified quantity or time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>ikarralimaa kasak</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>almost an entire hour</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>niqilimaa kasak</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>almost all of the meat</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>angunasuktillimakasat</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>almost all of the hunters</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>-i/-u/-a +</strong></th>
<th><strong>arraagu</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>arraagukasaulirmat</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>because it’s been almost a year</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>-t +</strong></th>
<th><strong>minngit-</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Qangatasuuq minngikasaktuq.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>The plane almost didn’t land.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>-k +</strong></th>
<th><strong>tamarmik</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>tamarmikasak</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>almost all of them</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>-q +</strong></th>
<th><strong>ukiulimaaq</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>ukiulimaa kasak</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>almost the entire winter</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -kauqtuq-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example 1</th>
<th>Example 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-k</td>
<td>to do something right away; immediately</td>
<td>Tikiqugakku tikikauqtuqtuq. Because I wanted him to come, he arrived right away.</td>
<td>Aniqugakku anikauqtuqtuq. When I asked her to leave, she left immediately.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Verb Examples

1. to do something quickly

   - **nirikauqtuqtuq**
     - *He ate quickly.*
   - **nasakauqtuqtuq**
     - *She quickly put on her hat.*

2. to do something right away; immediately

   - **Tikiqugakku tikikauqtuqtuq.**
     - *Because I wanted him to come, he arrived right away.*
   - **Aniqugakku anikauqtuqtuq.**
     - *When I asked her to leave, she left immediately.*

#### Figures

- **qauji**
  - *They found out quickly.*

- **makit**
  - *He immediately got up.*

- **tupak**
  - *I woke up right away.*

- **angiq**
  - *She quickly agreed.*
-kautigi-

verb ➔ verb

1. marks an action that happens immediately

**sinili kautigi jut**
They fell right to sleep.

**maanna kautigi**
immediately; right now

**tavvakautigi**
immediately; right away

---

-**i/-u/-a** + sana-

**sankaautiginiaqtuq**
She will work right away.

---

-t + saqqi-

**saqqikautigijuq**
He/she/it appeared right away.

---

-k + nannu-

**nannukautigijuq**
He caught a polar bear right away.

---

-q + uti-

**utilautigituq**
They immediately returned.
follows an interrogative root

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Example Word</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-kiaq</td>
<td>qangakiaq</td>
<td>expresses uncertainty at some point in time; whenever</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>nakkikiaq</td>
<td>from somewhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>nami</td>
<td>namikiaq wherever; anywhere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>kikut</td>
<td>kikkukkiaq whoever; anyone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>naliak</td>
<td>naliakiaq either one; which ever one</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>qanuq</td>
<td>qanukiaq in whatever way</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-kit-

noun ➔ verb

1. a small amount or number of something

*akikittut*

They are inexpensive.

2. marks a person who has small physical features.

*qaukittuq*

*She has a small forehead.*

- i/-u/-a +

**ijj**

*ijikittuq*

*He has small eyes.*

- t +

**siut + i**

*sutikittuq*

*She has small ears.*

- k +

**inuk**

*inukittuq*

*There are few people.*

- q +

**niaqu**

*niaqukittuq*

*He has a small head.*
-kkaaluk

verb ➔ noun

1. a person who performs well the action expressed by the root
   titirakkaaluk
   an exceptional writer
   iqqaniajakkaaluk
   a hard worker

-i/-u/-a + aqa- aqakkaaluk
She can really coo a baby.

-t + qungat- qungakkaaluk
He can give a big smile.

-k + ullak- ullakkaaluk
a fast runner

-q + mumiq- mumikkaaluk
an excellent dancer
Inuktut Uqausiliurut

-**kkanniq(-)**

verb ➔ verb

1. to do something again

   **Ati, uqakkannirlugu!**
   *Say it again!*

2. to do something to a greater extent

   **kipikkannirlugu!**
   *Cut it some more (deeper/further)!*

   **nirikkannirit!**
   *Eat some more!*

noun ➔ noun

3. more of something

   **atausikkanniq**
   *one more*

---

**-i/-u/-a + taissumani-**

**taissumanikkanniq**
*Further in the past*

**-t + ikit-**

**ikkiikkannirlugu**
*Turn it on again!*

**-k + sinik-**

**sinikkanniqtut**
*They are sleeping again.*

**-q + pigiaq-**

**pigiaakkanniqtut**
*They started again.*
### -kkiq

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Base Word</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>noun ➔ noun</td>
<td>1. a person with large physical features</td>
<td>qingakkiq: a person with a large nose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>tallu</td>
<td>tallukkiq: a person with a big chin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>isigat</td>
<td>isigakkiq: a person with big feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>taqpak</td>
<td>taqpakkiq: a person with big nostrils</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>aqqiaruq</td>
<td>aqqiarukkiq: a person with a large stomach</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-kkut

noun ➔ noun

1. used to create the name of an organization

Iliqquシリリjiŋk kut
Department of Culture and Heritage

2. someone's household or residence

Nirijaŋturniaqtunga Piitakkunnuŋut.
I am going to eat at Peter's place.

-i/-u/-a + qattiriŋjiŋk kut
Fire Department

-t + Pauktuutit
Pauktuutit Women of Canada

-k + Tunngavik
Nunavut Tunngavikkut
Nunavut Tunngavik Inc.

-q + Naullaq
Naullakkunnuŋut
at Naullaq's place
**-kkuuq-**

noun → verb

1. to travel over or through something

   **kuukkuuqtut**
   
   *They are travelling on the river.*

   **aksurungnaqtu kkuuqtuq**
   
   *She is going through a difficult time.*

2. to communicate by means of something

   **uqaluuti kkuuqtut**
   
   *They are talking by phone.*

   **-i/-u/-a + siku**

   **sikukkuuqtut**
   
   *They are travelling on the ice.*

   **-t + naalaut + i**

   **naalautikkuuqtuq**
   
   *He is talking on the radio.*

   **-k + kuuk**

   **kuukkuuqsimajut**
   
   *They are on the other side of the river (having crossed it).*

   **-q + kangiq**

   **kangikkuurniaqtut**
   
   *They are going to cross the fiord/inlet.*
-kkuvik

noun → noun

1. a place or container where something is stored

uqalimaagakkuvik
bookshelf

kiinaujakkuvingmi
in/at the bank

-i/-u/-a + ulu

ulukkuvik
a drawer or space for storing ulus

-t +

titiqqat
titiqakkuvik
post office

also

allarut + i

allarutikkuvik
linen closet

-k +

qisik
qisikkuvik
a place where sealskins are stored

-q +

quaq
quakkuvik
freezer
### -ksaq(-)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Noun</th>
<th>1. marks the potential of something in terms of what it may be used for at some point in the future.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
|       | *igluksat*  
materials used to build a house; a house under construction |
|       | 2. marks the potential role someone may play in the future. |
|       | *nuliaksaq*  
a fiancée. |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Verb</th>
<th>3. describes how the fit of something (an article of clothing) is not ideal.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
|       | *angiksaqtuq*  
*It fits too big.* |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a + | niqi | *niqiksaq*  
something to eat |
| -t + | katimajjut + i | *katimajjutiksaq*  
meeting agenda |
| -k + | aluk | *aluksaq*  
*caribou fat used to make aluk, a traditional dessert.* |
| -q + | arnaq | *arnaksaq*  
an adoptive mother |
-kuluk

noun ➔ noun

1. emphasizes smallness
   irnikuluga
   my dear little son

2. expresses endearment towards a person or a coveted possession
   illukuluk, qaigit!
   Cousin dear, come over here!

3. Adding a sense of emotion when responding to something someone has said.
   iikuluk
   Yes, indeed.
   asukuluk
   Okay, I see.

verb ➔ noun

4. used to add a feeling of affection to what one is saying
   pulaariaqtukuluk
   How nice of him to visit!

-i/-u/-a + atata atatakalukuluk
father dear

-t + angut+i angutikuluk
a little boy

-k + panik panikuluit
your dear daughter

-q + irngusiq irngusikuluga
my favourite cup
-kutaak

noun ➔ noun

1. something tall or long

angutikutaak
a tall man

aqqutikutaak
a long road

-i/-u/-a +
sullu
sullukutaak
hallway

-t +
imiut + i
imiutikutaak
a tall glass

-k +
kamaalu
kamaalukkutaak
hip wader boots

-q +
iksivutaq
iksivautakutaak
couch/sofa
### -laaq

**verb ➔ noun**

1. (superlative) the most…

   **angilaaq**
   the biggest

   **Una piugilaara**
   I like this one the best.

**noun ➔ noun**

2. something small

   **qimmilaaq**
   a puppy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td><strong>taki</strong></td>
<td><strong>takilaat</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td><strong>tiqit</strong></td>
<td><strong>tiqilaaq</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td><strong>niglasuk</strong></td>
<td><strong>niglasulaaq</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td><strong>nutaraq</strong></td>
<td><strong>nutaralaaq</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-laaq-

verb ➔ verb 1. marks an action that will happen in the future (tomorrow or later)

**Aullalaaq tugut pinasuarusiulaaqtumi.**
*We will be travelling next week.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Stem</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>sana-</td>
<td>sanalaaqtuq</td>
<td>He will work.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>tikit-</td>
<td>tikilaaqtuq</td>
<td>She will arrive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>patuk-</td>
<td>patulaaqtuq</td>
<td>There will be ice fog.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>iqalliaq-</td>
<td>iqallialaaqtut</td>
<td>They will be going fishing tomorrow.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -langa-

**verb ➔ verb**

1. marks an action that will happen in the near future

   **Unnuksaq qailangavit?**  
   *Will you be coming this afternoon?*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>prefix</th>
<th>verb</th>
<th>example</th>
<th>translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>salummaqsai</td>
<td><strong>salummaqsailangavit?</strong></td>
<td><em>Will you be going cleaning?</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>tikit</td>
<td><strong>Ullumi tikilangavit?</strong></td>
<td><em>Will you be arriving today?</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>pisuk</td>
<td><strong>pisulangavit?</strong></td>
<td><em>Will you be walking?</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>aullaq</td>
<td><strong>aullalangajunga</strong></td>
<td><em>I will be departing (today).</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -laqi-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>verb → verb</td>
<td>1. indicates that there is a reason for an action to happen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>apirilaqijunga...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>the reason I am asking is...</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Taimanna saqqilaqiqqauvara</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>That is the reason why I brought it up.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### -i/-u/-a + apiri- 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a + apiri-</td>
<td></td>
<td>apirilaqijunga...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>The reason I am asking is...</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### -t + tikit- 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-t + tikit-</td>
<td></td>
<td>tikilaqijuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>The reason he is arriving is...</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### -k + pisuk- 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-k + pisuk-</td>
<td></td>
<td>pisulaqijuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>The reason he is walking is...</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### -q + aullaq- 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-q + aullaq-</td>
<td></td>
<td>aullaqijuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>The reason he is departing is...</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -laukak-

**verb ➔ verb**

1. marks an action that takes place for a brief period of time

**nuqqangaa laukak kuttaqai?**
*Maybe we should take a short break?*

**pulaa laukagit!**
*Stay and visit for a bit!*

<p>| | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>-i/-u/-a + niri-</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>nirilaukak kuttaqai</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>Maybe we should have a little to eat.</em></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>-t + ingit-</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>ingilaukagit!</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>Sit down for a bit!</em></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>-k + sinik-</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>sinilaukagit!</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>Get a little sleep!</em></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>-q + imiq-</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>imilaukagit!</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>Have a little to drink!</em></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-lauq-

verb ➔ verb

1. marks an action that happened yesterday or before

   Umiaqtulauqtuq ippaksaq.
   He went boating yesterday.

   Sanalauqtunga naggajjaumi.
   I worked on Monday.

2. adds emphasis to a command

   qailaurit!
   Come here!

   Takujaqtulaurit kinaungmangaat!
   Go and see who it is!

- /u/-a + ilau-

   ilaulauqtut
   They came along.

-t + ikit-

   ikilauqtanga
   She turned it on.

-k + niglasuk-

   Niglasulauqtuq ippaksaq.
   It was cold out yesterday.

-q + inngiq-

   inngilauqtuq
   He sang.
-lauqsima-

verb → verb

1. marks an action that happened in the distant past

*Nunaqalaauqsimajunga Kinngarni.*
*I lived in Kinngait some time ago.*

2. used to ask if something has ever happened

*Iglulingmualaauqsimavit?*
*Have you ever been to Iglulik?*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>sana-</th>
<th>Qurluqturmi sanalaauqsimajunga.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>I used to work in Kugluktuk.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-t +</th>
<th>tikit-</th>
<th>tikilaauqsimannngittut</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>They never arrived.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-k +</th>
<th>pisuk-</th>
<th>Panniqtuumut pisulaauqsimavit?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>Have you ever hiked to Panniqtuuq?</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-q +</th>
<th>nunaqpaq-</th>
<th>nunaqpalauqsimavit?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>Have you ever been inland?</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -li

**noun ending**

1. but; however

   *Tii mamarijara kaapili mamarinngittara.*
   *I like tea, but I don't like coffee.*

2. 'what about...?'

   *ivvilli ?*  
   *What about you?*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>Piita</td>
<td>Piitali?</td>
<td>What about Peter?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>naumut</td>
<td>namulli?</td>
<td>...but, to where?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>ilissik</td>
<td>ilissigli?</td>
<td>What about you two?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>qanuq</td>
<td>qanurli?</td>
<td>....but how?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-liaq(-)

noun ➔ noun

1. something constructed

qajalianga
the kayak that he built

verb ➔ verb

2. motion towards a place; ‘to go to…’

Ikpiarju liaqtunga
I am going to Arctic bay.

3. to hunt an animal described by the root
tuktu liaqsimava?
Is he out hunting caribou?

ukalliaqtuq
They went hunting hare.

-i/-u/-a +

ulu

ululianga
the ulu he made

amaut + i

amautiliara
the amaut I made

-t +

also

Naujaat
She is going to Naujaat.

-k +

tulaktarvik

tulaktarviliaqtuq
They are going to the boat launch.

-q +

qulittaujaq
qulittaujalianga
the parka she made
### -ligaa-

verb ➔ verb

1. imminent action: ‘to be about to...’

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>qia</td>
<td>verb</td>
<td>qialigaaajuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>He is about to cry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mi</td>
<td>verb</td>
<td>miligaaajuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>It is just about to land.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ani</td>
<td>verb</td>
<td>aniligaaajunga</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>I am about to go out.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>qungat</td>
<td>verb</td>
<td>qungaligaaajut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>They are about to smile.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kata</td>
<td>verb</td>
<td>katailigaaajuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>It’s about to fall.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>siqiq</td>
<td>verb</td>
<td>siqiligaaajuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>It is going to make a splash.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
verb ➞ verb

1. to bring something or someone along; to have in one’s possession

*nutara*lijaqtuuk
*The two of them brought their children along.*

*kiinauja*lijaqattaqtuq
*He often has money on him.*

*qukiutt*tijaqtuq
*He is armed with a rifle.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a</th>
<th>ulu</th>
<th>ululijaqtunga</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>I brought my ulu with me.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-t</th>
<th>iparaut</th>
<th>iparauttijaqtuq</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>He brought his dog whip.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-k</th>
<th>sakkuk</th>
<th>sakkuliijaqpit?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>Did you bring a harpoon head?</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-q</th>
<th>unaaq</th>
<th>unaalijaqtuq</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>He brought his harpoon.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-lik

noun ➔ noun

1. indicates that a person has a possession (described by the root): ‘someone who has a…’

qimmilik
She owns dogs.

Qanuq una tukiilik?
What is the meaning of this?

2. used with place names to indicate a characteristic of a particular area

Iglulik
Iglulik; a place with dwellings.

-i/-u/-a + aki

akilik
It has a price; it is not free.

-t + nunasiut + i

nunasiutilik
He owns a car.

-k + umik

umilik
He has a beard.

-q + tuugaaq

tuugaalik
It has a tusk; narwhal
### -limaaq

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affixes</th>
<th>Stem</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>ilissi</td>
<td>ilissilimaaq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>uvagut</td>
<td>uvagulimaaq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>ilinniarvik</td>
<td>ilinniarvilimaaq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>aujaq</td>
<td>aujallimaaq</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. something in its entirety; all of something

*Ullulimaaq sanajunga.*
*I have been working all day.*

*uvattinnulimaaq*  
to all of us
verb ➔ verb

1. marks an action that is underway or starting

**katimaliq tut**
*They are meeting right now.*

2. marks a change from one state to another

**Una ajuliqtuq.**
*This isn't working now.*

---

**-i/-u/-a + ani-**

**aniliqtunga**
*I am going out now; I am on my way out.*

---

**-t +**

**tikiliqtu**
*They are arriving right now.*

---

**-k +**

**siniliqtu**
*They are falling asleep.*

---

**-q +**

**aullaliqtu**
*They are departing.*
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. to do something again</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>titiraliqqiktausimajuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>It was rewritten.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pigialiqqiktut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>They are starting again.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **verb** → **verb**

- **-i/-u/-a + uutti**
  - **uuttiliqqiglugu**
  - *Cook it again.*

- **-t + ingit**
  - **ingiliqqiktut**
  - *They sat down again.*

- **-k + sinik**
  - **siniliqqiktuviniujunga**
  - *I fell asleep again.*

- **-q + uqaq**
  - **uqaliqqiguk**
  - *Say it again!*
### -liri-

**noun ➔ verb**

1. to work with or on something, especially as an occupation
   
   **kiinaujaliri**
   
   *someone who works with money*

2. to handle or deal with something
   
   **qimmiligilirijut**
   
   *They are dealing with the dogs.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>nuna</td>
<td>nunaliri</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>nuluat-</td>
<td>nulualiriqturniaqtunga</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>also</td>
<td>qukiutiliri</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>qijuk</td>
<td>qijuliriq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>maligaq</td>
<td>maligaliri</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
verb ➔ verb

1. just beginning

pigialisaaqtut
It has just begun.

2. in the first stages of

ilinnialisaaqtut
those who are in the early stages of schooling; preschoolers

3. to have just happened

ingilisaaqtuq
He just sat down.

-i/-u/-a + ani-

anilisaaqtuq
She just went out.

-t + ikit-

ikilisaaqtuq
It just started burning.

-k + sinik-

sinilisaaqtuq
He just fell asleep.

-q + mumiq-

mumilisaaqtuq
They just started dancing.
-lisaq

noun ➔ noun

1. clothing or material used to cover or hold something

   ailisaq
   wallpaper

   quingilisaq
   diaper

2. from an earlier time

   ukialisaq
   last fall

   ippaksalisaq
   something from yesterday; leftovers

   ittalisarmik
   something from old times

   -i/-u/-a + saa
   saalisaq
   apron

   -t + siut + i
   siutilisaq
   earmuff

   -k + iviangiik
   iviangiilisaak
   bra

   -q + aujaq
   aujailisaq
   last summer
-liuq-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Noun ⇆ Verb</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
|             | 1. to make or prepare something | **Igalluni tiiliuqtuq.**  
*She is making tea over fire.*  
**tamuajuksaliuqsimavajujut**  
*They would have snacks ready.*  
**kaapiliurut**  
*coffee maker*  

|             | 2. to build something | **igluralaaliuqtuqut**  
*We are building a cabin.* |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suffixes</th>
<th>Examples</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a+ | kaapi | **kaapi**  
*coffee maker*  
**kaapiliurutijanga**  
*He is making her some coffee.* |
| -t+ | amaut+i | **amautiliuqtuq**  
*She is making an amaut.* |
| -k+ | niksik | **niksiliuqtuq**  
*He is making a hook.* |
| -q+ | qulittaujaq | **qulittaujaliuqtara**  
*I am making him a parka.* |
-llaaluk

verb ➔ noun

1. to a large extent

tinittullaaluk

The tide is very low.

2. impressiveness of an action

piujullaaluk

It is most excellent; it is very beautiful

-i/-u/-a + niri-  
nirillaalugit

Have lots to eat!

-t + isivit-  
isivillaaluglugu

Unfold it completely!

-k + qujannamiik  
qujannamiillaaluk

Thank you so much.

-q + tusaruminaqtuq-  
tusaruminaqtullaaluk

That is so interesting to hear!
### -llarik(-)

**noun ➔ noun**

1. expresses the exactness of a place or time

   - **qangakkullarik?**
   - When exactly?

   - **maanannallarik**
   - immediately

**verb ➔ verb**

2. expresses the certainty or genuineness of an action; 'really'

   - **kappiasullariktut**
   - They are truly scared.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suffix</th>
<th>Root</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>qauji-</td>
<td>qaujillariktangit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>They know/learned it quite well.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>kannguttit-</td>
<td>kannguttillariktuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>He really feels embarrassed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>quviasuk-</td>
<td>quviasullariktunga</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>I am very happy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>ukiuq</td>
<td>ukiullarik</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>the dead of/middle of winter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Verb Affix</td>
<td>Example Verb</td>
<td>Meaning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-llattaaq-</td>
<td>saglu llattaqtuq</td>
<td>He most certainly is lying.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a + qiui-</td>
<td>qiu llattaqtuq</td>
<td>They are truly cold.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t + qungat-</td>
<td>qungallattaqtuq</td>
<td>He smiled genuinely.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k + maquk-</td>
<td>maqullattaqtuq</td>
<td>It is actually raining.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q + paniq-</td>
<td>paniqlattaqtuq</td>
<td>It certainly is dry.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
noun ➔ noun

1. used to indicate the position of a person or object relative to others:

sivulliq
the one that is most forward; the one in front; the first one

kingulliq
the next one; the last one

akulliq
the one in the middle, the midmost one

ungalliq
the far one; the farthest one

sanilliq
the adjacent one; the one by your side; a neighbour
### -lluaq(-)

**noun ➔ noun**

1. exact or precise

   *ataatami ajjilluanga*
   
   *an exact likeness of his father*

   *taikanngalluaq*
   
   *from that exact spot*

**verb ➔ verb**

2. marks an action that is desirable, expected or likely; an action that should happen

   *takulluaraviuk*
   
   *You should see it.*

   *upalluaqtara*
   
   *I should go to him.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Root Word</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>tavvunga</td>
<td>tavvungalluaq</td>
<td>to this exact spot, person etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>mit-</td>
<td>millualiqtuq</td>
<td>It should be landing now.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>ujak-</td>
<td>ujalluaqtuq</td>
<td>It appeared at exactly the right time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>aanniaq-</td>
<td>aannialluangittuq</td>
<td>It should not be hurting.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-**lu**

noun ending

1. also; too
   
   *uvangalu*
   
   *me too*

verb ending

2. and
   
   *inguilauqtut mumiqtullu*
   
   *They sang and danced.*

-i/-u/-a + una

   *unalu*
   
   *and this one too*

-t + angutit

   *Arnait, angutillu*
   
   *Ladies and Gentlemen,...*

-k + paniikkik

   *irniit paniikkilu*
   
   *your son and your two daughters*

-q + uqsuq

   *uqsurlu*
   
   *and the blubber*
-luaq-

verb ➔ verb 1. excessive action: 'too much'; 'quite'

aqiattuluaqtunga
I am too full.

-\text{-i/-u/-a + piju}-\text{ma-}

pijumaluannittara
I don’t want it very much.

-t + \text{tatat-}

tataluurrku
if I fill it too much

-k + \text{sinik-}

siniuaqqaqutit
You slept too much.

-q + \text{tupiqsuq-}

tupiqsuqlualirvit
You’re ordering too much.
noun ➔ verb

1. to have a body part that is the cause of pain or injury

**talirluktunga**
*I have a sore arm.*

**puvagluktuq**
tuberculosis

verb ➔ verb

2. to do something poorly

**uqqarluktut**
*They are unable to speak properly or clearly.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>iji</th>
<th><strong>ijiluktunga</strong></th>
<th><em>I have a sore eye.</em></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>uummat</td>
<td><strong>uummalluktuq</strong></td>
<td><em>He has a heart condition.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>kingmiq</td>
<td><strong>kingmigluktuq</strong></td>
<td><em>She has a sore ankle.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>qitiq</td>
<td><strong>qitirluktuq</strong></td>
<td><em>He has a sore back.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-luktaaq

noun ➔ noun

1. all of something; the whole of something

ukiuluktaaq
the whole winter

nunaliluktaat
all of the communities

-i/-u/-a + tamakkua tamakkualuktaat
all of these

-t + uasaut + i uasautiluktaaq
all of the soap / detergent

-k + titirarvik titirarviluktaaq
the entire office

-q + silarjuaq silarjualuktaarmi
around the world
### -luuniit

**noun ending**

1. either...or

*Titurumavit kaapigmiluuniit?*

*Would you like tea or some coffee?*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Typographical Structure</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a + aakka</td>
<td>ii aakkaluuniit?</td>
<td>yes or no?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t + ivvit</td>
<td>uvanga ivvilluuniit?</td>
<td>me or you?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k + qisik</td>
<td>Amiq qisigluuniit pilirijumaviuk?</td>
<td>Do you want to work with caribou skin or sealskin?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q + aqunniaqtuq</td>
<td>Pisungniaqtuq aqünniaqturluuniit.</td>
<td>She will walk or drive.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-liq

noun ➔ noun

1. the one who is more...

nukaqliq
the younger one

angajukliqpaaq
the eldest

qitiqliq
the middle finger
-ma- verb → verb

1. marks a sustained or continuous action
   
   **naimajut**  
   *They smell something.*

2. marks the state that a person or thing finds themselves as the result of an action
   
   **tusaumaquullutit**  
   *wanting you to be aware; FYI*

   **qaujimajangit**  
   *She knows them.*

Notes on sound:  
- **-ma-** is used after roots and other affixes ending in a vowel
- **-uma-** is used after roots and other affixes ending in a consonant

| -i/-u/-a + | ariu- | **ariumajara**  
|------------|-------| *I am tired of eating that.* |
| -t +       | no example found |
| -k +       | annak- | **annaumajuq**  
|            |       | *He/she/it survives.* |
| -q +       | aqqaq- | **aqqaumajuq**  
|            |       | *It is submerged.* |
-miit-  

noun ➔ verb

1. to be in/on/at a place

Igluligaarjung miittunga  
I am in Chesterfield Inlet.

iksivautarmiittuq  
It is on the chair.

namiippit?  
Where are you?

tupirniittut*  
They are in the tents.

* -niit- is the form of this affix that is added to a root representing a dual or plural noun.

-i/-u/-a + iglu  

iglumiittut  
They are in the house/building.

-t + nunasiut + i  
nunasiutimiittuq  
He/she/it is in the car.

-k + kuuk  
kuungmiittut  
They are in the river.

-q + umiaq  
umiarmiittuq  
He/she/it is in the boat.
-minngaaq-
-ninngaaq-

noun ➔ verb

1. describes motion away from a place

minvingminngaaqtunga
I am coming from the landing strip.

Kinngarninngaaalaaqtut*
They will be coming from Kinngait.

* -ninngaaq- is the form of this affix that is added to a root representing a dual or plural noun.

2. (for telling time) when followed by -liq-, indicates that it is after the hour

7-minngaaaliqtuq
It’s after seven (o’clock).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Root</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>pua</td>
<td>puaminngaaaliqtuq</td>
<td>It is after four (o’clock).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>saipat</td>
<td>saipaminngaaaliqtuq</td>
<td>It is after seven (o’clock).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Piitakkunininngaaqtunga</td>
<td>I am coming from Piita’s place.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>ilinniarvik</td>
<td>ilinniarvingminngaaqtut</td>
<td>They are coming from the school.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>Qikiqtarjuaq</td>
<td>Qikiqtarjuarminngaaqtut</td>
<td>They are coming from Qikiqtarjuaq.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-miutaq

noun ➔ noun

1. to be a resident of a place

**Iqalungmiutaq**
*a resident of Iqaluit*

**Mittimatalingmiutaujunga**
*I am a resident of Pond Inlet.*

**nunalingmiutat**
*the residents of the community*

2. used to describe the contents of a space

**ikpiarjungmiutara**
*what I have in my pocket*

**isumamiutaraiinnalirakku**
*I keep having it in my thoughts.*

---

-\(i/-u/-a\) + Kanata **Kanatamiutaujunga** *I am Canadian.*

-t + Nunavut **Nunavumiutaq** *a resident of Nunavut*

-k + Kangiqtugaapi **Kangiqtugaapingmiutaujunga** *I am from Clyde River*

-q + Pangniqtuq **Pangniqtuurmiutaq** *someone from Pangniqtuq*
### -mmarik(-)

**noun ➔ noun**

1. amplifies a particular quality of something
   - **aksummarik**
     - something that is really important/ significant

2. expresses the genuineness of something
   - **inuttiavammarrı̆k**
     - a truly exceptional person

**verb ➔ verb**

3. emphasizes that an action is really happening or is possible:
   - **sinigunnammariliqtunga**
     - *I can actually sleep now.*

### Akuni

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prefix</th>
<th>Stem</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>akuni</td>
<td>akunimmarrı̆k</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **akunimmarrı̆k**
  - *a long time*

### Angut + i

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prefix</th>
<th>Stem</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>angut</td>
<td>angutimmarrı̆k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>or</td>
<td>aksuimmarrı̆k</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **angutimmarrı̆k**
  - *a real man*

- **aksuimmarrı̆k**
  - *something that is really important/ significant*

### Qujannamiik

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prefix</th>
<th>Stem</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>qujannamiik</td>
<td>qujannamiimmarrı̆k</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **qujannamiimmarrı̆k**
  - *Thank you very much.*

### Piujuq

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prefix</th>
<th>Stem</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>piujuq</td>
<td>piujummarrı̆k</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **piujummarrı̆k**
  - *really good*
-muaq-
-nuaq-

noun ➔ verb

1. to go somewhere; to reach somewhere

Kimmiru[muaqtut
They went to Kimmirut.

niuvirvingmuarniaqtunga
I am going to the store.

Arvian[nuaqtugut *
We went to Arviat.

* -nuaq- is the form of this affix that is added to a root representing a dual or plural noun.

2. used when telling time to indicate that the hour has been reached

Qailaagtut tuumuaqpat.
They will be coming at 2 o’clock.

3. when followed by -liq-, used for telling time to indicate that is is approaching the hour

tuajumualiqtuq
It is coming up on twelve o’clock.

-i/-u/-a +

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>tuu</th>
<th>tuumuaqtuq</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>It’s two o’clock</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

-t +

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>saipat</th>
<th>saipamuaqtuq</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>or</td>
<td>It is seven o’clock.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Naujaat</th>
<th>Naujannuaqpit?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Are you going to Naujaat.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

-k +

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>kiinaujakkuvik</th>
<th>kiinaujakkuvimguarniaqtunga</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I am going to the bank.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

-q +

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Qurluqtuq</th>
<th>Qurluqturmuaqtut</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>They went to Kugluktuk.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-munngau-
-nunngau-

noun ➔ verb
1. to head towards a place; to go somewhere

nunamunngauvit?
Are you going inland?

Iqalung nunngaujunga *
I am going to Iqaluit

*-nunngau-* is the form of this affix that is added to a root representing a dual or plural noun.

-i/-u/-a + Kiupa
Kiupamunngaujuq
She is on her way to Cuba.

-t + Mialikkut
Mialikkunnunngaujut
They are going to Maili’s place.

-k + Sanirajak
Sanirajangmunngauvit?
Are you on your way to Sanirajak?

-q + Talurjuaq
Talurjuarmunngaujunga.
I am on my way to Taloyoak.
-najaq-
-kajaq-
-rajaq-

verb ➔ verb

1. indicates the outcome of an imagined situation; “would.”

_Taanna qaujimanaajaqtanga._
_She would know that._

_Akauniqsaunajaqtuq taimaak._
_It would be better like that._

-i/-u/-a + apiri-
apirinajaqtara
_I would ask her._

-t + utiqtit-
utiqtinajaqtara
_I would return it; I would make him/her come back._

-k + kappiasuk-
kappiasukkajaqtunga
_I would be afraid._

-q + uqaq-
uqarajaqtuq
_He would say._
-naq(-)

verb ➔ verb

1. to cause something to happen
   
quvia naq tuq
   *It causes joy or happiness; ‘Oh, that makes me feel happy!’*

2. (when combined with the negative affix -nngit-): to prevent an action from occurring
   
   attar nanggituq
   *something safe*

   pisung nanggituq
   *unwalkable*

verb ➔ noun

3. an object or situation that causes something to happen
   
kappia naq
   *something that is scary*

-i/-u/-a + tukisi-

| -i/-u/-a + tukisi- | tukisinaq pa?
|--------------------|-------------------------|
|                    | *Is it understandable/clear?*

-t + sukat-

| -t + sukat- | sukan naq tuq
| ------------| -------------------------|
|             | *something that will give you an electrical shock*

-k + niriuk-

| -k + niriuk- | niriung naq tuq
|--------------|----------------------|
|              | *something unexpected*

-q + nangiaq-

| -q + nangiaq- | nangiarnaq
|--------------|-----------------|
|              | *a situation that causes fear (e.g. thin ice)*
### -naq

**noun ➔ noun**

1. to have the shape of the object described by the root

   **uumman**
   something shaped like a heart

   **usuun**
   a landform shaped like a penis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a + niu</td>
<td>niunnaq</td>
<td>area of skin where it reaches the leg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t + uummat</td>
<td>uummannaq</td>
<td>something shaped like a heart</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k + itimak</td>
<td>itimangnaq</td>
<td>something shaped like the palm of the hand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q + uluksaq</td>
<td>uluksar<strong>naq</strong></td>
<td>something shaped like an ulu</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -nasaaq-

**verb ➔ verb**

1. marks an action that happens later than expected or that took longer to happen

   **qaujijaun asaaqtuq**  
   *It took a long time to figure it out.*

   **siku nasaa alaaqtuq**  
   *The ice will form late.*

2. marks an action that has not happened in a long while

   **nuvang asaaqtuq**  
   *He hasn’t had a cold for a long time.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>English Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a+ | qai-        | **qainasaaqtut**  
It’s taking them a long time to get here;  
They haven’t been here in a while. |
| -t +      | tikiti-     | **tikinnasaaqtut**  
It is taking a while for them to arrive. |
| -k +      | sinik-      | **siningnasaaqtuq**  
*He has not slept in a while.* |
| -q +      | piqsiq-     | **piqsirnasaaqtuq**  
*It’s been a long time since we’ve had a blizzard.* |
### -nasugi- -gasugi- -rasugi-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Verb Affixes</th>
<th>Meanings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a + qai- | qainnasugi jara
I think she has come. |
| -t + tikit- | tikanasugi janga
He thinks she has arrived. |
| -k + masak- | masagasugi jara
I think it got wet. |
| -q + piqsirniaq- | piqsirnia rasugi jara
I think there will be a blizzard. |

1. to think something; to be of the opinion of something

**mikittuunnasugijara**
I thought it was little.

**niksigasugijanga**
He thinks he hooked it (a fish, seal, etc.).

**qimaktaunia rasugijuq**
He thinks he will be left behind.
### -nasuk- Verb

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/u/a + nipititti-</th>
<th>nipititti-nasuktuq</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>qamit-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>nunivak-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>saalaksaq-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-nasuk-</th>
<th>-gasuk-</th>
<th>-rasuk-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>verb ➔ verb</td>
<td>verb</td>
<td>verb</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. **to attempt to do something**

- **apiri**nasulauqtanga**
  *He tried to ask her.*

- **pinasuk**simagaluarmata**
  *even though they tried*

- **qaulluqsitittinasuktuq**
  *She is trying to bleach something.*

- **kamigasuliqtunga**
  *I’m putting on my kamiik now.*

- **nulujiirasuktut**
  *They are putting up a fish net.*

- **nipititti-nasuktuq**
  *He is trying to glue or tape something.*

- **qaminnasuktara**
  *I am trying to put it out; I am trying to turn it off.*

- **nunivagasuktut**
  *They are trying to pick berries.*

- **saalaksaarasuktuq**
  *She is trying to win.*
see also -nniaq-

verb ➔ verb

1. marks an event that will happen later the same day

qainiaqpa?
Will he come?

Sananiaqtunga unnuksakkut.
I will be working in the afternoon.

-i/-u/-a + ani-

aniniaqtunga
I will be going out.

-t + tikit-
tikiniaqtugut
We will be arriving.

-k + pisuk-
pisungniaqpat?
Will they be walking?

-q + pigiaq-
Pigiajniqtuq naimuaqpat.
It will be starting at nine.
### -niku-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>verb → noun</th>
<th>1. indicates the reason or motivation for something</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Quviasung</strong>nikumut qiajuq.**</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>He is crying because he is so happy.</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>qaujimanikuujugut</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>We have known about it because of...</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>tamaaniinnikunginnut</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>because of the fact that they were here...</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a + qiu-</th>
<th><strong>qiunikumut...</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>because he/she/it was so cold...</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-t + kinit-</th>
<th><strong>kininnikumut</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>because it was soaked in liquid...</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-k + sinik-</th>
<th><strong>siningnikumut...</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>because he/she overslept...</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-q + malliq-</th>
<th><strong>mallirnikumut...</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>because the water was so rough...</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-niq

see also -nniq-

verb ➔ noun

1. the action or fact of doing something

pigiar
niq
the beginning

iqalugasung
niq
fishing

ilinniaqtuliri
niq
having to do with education

-i/-u/-a + silaliri- silaliriniq having to do with weather

-t + tikit- tikinniq arrival

-k + uqaqatigiik- uqaqatigiiingniq discussion

-q + qaujisaq- qaujisarniq research
### -niqsaq

verb ➔ noun

1. comparative: used to indicate that a person or object has more of a certain characteristic than another

   **Uvannit takiniqsaujutit.**  
   *You are taller than me.*

   **piuniqsaq**  
   *It is better/prettier.*

   **akuniuniqsaq**  
   *a longer time*

| -i/-u/-a + | angi- | anginiqsamik | something bigger |
| -t +       | nait- | nainniqsaq  | shorter         |
| -k +       | piak- | piangniqsaq  | smoother (texture); something (qamutiik, etc.) that glides better. |
| -q +       | taaq- | taarniqsaq   | darker          |
### -niraq-

**verb → verb**

1. to report an event or action that has occurred

   qaujigiarniar**niraq**tuq
   *She said that she would try to find out.*

   Piitaup tikin**niraq**paatit
   *Peter said that you arrived.*

   Ullumi taksirnian**niraq**taujuq
   *They say it will be foggy today.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a + ani-</td>
<td>aninir<strong>q</strong>paatit</td>
<td><em>She said that you went out.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t + tikit-</td>
<td>tikinir<strong>q</strong>taujuq</td>
<td><em>They said it arrived.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k + masak-</td>
<td>masangnir<strong>q</strong>tanga</td>
<td><em>She said that it was soaked.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q + qaini<strong>a</strong>q-</td>
<td>qainiarnir<strong>a</strong>raluaq<strong>l</strong>uni</td>
<td><em>Even though she said she would come...</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-niujaq-

verb ➔ verb

1. marks an action that is about to happen

pigiar

niujaqtuq

It is about to start.

-i/-u/-a + ani-

ani

niujaqtunga

I am about to go out.

-t + tikit-

Pangi

thin

niujaqtuq.

My daughter is about to arrive.

-k + qilak-

qilang

niujaqtara

I am going to tie it.

-q + atangiq-

atangi

niujaqtugut

All of us will be there.
-nnajuk(-)

noun ➔ noun

1. to belittle something, either in criticism or out of humility
   
   **iglu**nnajuk  
   *an insignificant little house*

verb ➔ verb

2. to express astonishment when someone does something unexpected
   
   **uqa**nnajuktuq  
   *Wow, he actually spoke!; He had the gall to speak.*

   **angunasugi**nnajuktuq  
   *He actually went out hunting!*

   **niqiliu**nnajuktuq  
   *He actually cooked!*

-i/-u/-a +  **ninngauma-**  

   **ninngaumannajuktuq**  
   *She is actually angry!*

-t +  **naalaut + i**  

   **naalautinnajuga**  
   *my little radio*

-k +  **nannuk-**  

   **nanunnajuktuq**  
   *He actually caught a polar bear!*

-q +  **qimmiq-**  

   **qimminnajuga**  
   *my scrawny little dog*
### -nniaq-  
#### -niaq-  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>iji</th>
<th>ijjinniaqtı</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>eye doctor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-t +</th>
<th>ilit-</th>
<th>ilinniarvik</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>school</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-k +</th>
<th>ujarak</th>
<th>ujarangniarvik</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>mine (minerals)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>-q +</th>
<th>uumajuq</th>
<th>uumajurniaqti</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>wildlife officer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-nniq-
-niq-

verb ➔ verb

1. marks an event in the past that one has not observed first hand

**Summat taimainniqpa?**
*Why did that happen?*

**Qangatsuutikinniqpa?**
*Did the plane arrive?*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a + ilau-</th>
<th>ilaunniqpit?</th>
<th>Did you go along?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-t + tikit-</td>
<td>tikinniqtuq</td>
<td>He/she/it arrived.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k + katak</td>
<td>katangniqpa?</td>
<td>Did it fall?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q + aullaq-</td>
<td>aullarniqpat?</td>
<td>Did they depart?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-ngaaq-

verb ➔ verb

1. marks an action that is preferred: ‘rather;’ ‘instead’

   **pisun**gaar**niaq**pugut  
   *We will walk instead.*

   **Una naksang**a**galirla**gu.  
   *Let me bring this one instead.*

- **-i/-u/-a +**  
  **niri-**  
  **nirin**ga**alirli**r  
  *You should eat something instead.*

- **-t +**  
  **nungut-**  
  **nun**g**un**ga**aliruk**  
  *You finish it instead!*

- **-k +**  
  **pisuk-**  
  **pisun**ga**alirluk**  
  *Let’s walk instead.*

- **-q +**  
  **agjaq-**  
  **agj**a**nga**aliruk  
  *You bring it over instead!*
verb ➔ verb

1. also; too

**takungmjara**
I saw it, too.

**sannigijualuungmjjuq**
He is also very strong.

**aannirmijunga**
I am also injured.

2. to do something again

**pigaarniarmijunga**
I am going to stay up late again.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Root</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>taija-</td>
<td><strong>taijaungmjjuq</strong>&lt;br&gt;It is also called; it is also mentioned.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t</td>
<td>tik-</td>
<td><strong>tikimmijut</strong>&lt;br&gt;They also arrived.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k</td>
<td>sin-</td>
<td><strong>siningmjut</strong>&lt;br&gt;They are sleeping too.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q</td>
<td>ilagijau-</td>
<td><strong>ilagijaulaurmjut</strong>&lt;br&gt;They also came along; they were included.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-nngit-

verb ➔ verb

1. negative verb marker

nirinnngilatit?
Are you not eating?

ajunngittuq
something it works well; someone or something that performs something well

sanannnginnama
because I am not working


-i/-u/-a + aniqqau-

aniqqauunngittut
They didn’t go out.

-t + tikit-

tikinnngilaq?
Is it not arriving?

-k + naalak-

naalunnngittut
They are not listening.

-q + aullalauq-

aullalauunnginnavit
because you didn’t travel
### -nngu-

#### noun ➔ verb

1. to feel physical pain or illness

   **niaqqunngujunga**  
   *I have a headache.*

   **ingiullinngujuq**  
   *He is airsick or seasick during rough travel.*

   **uijjanngujuq**  
   *She feels dizzy or disoriented after spinning around.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a + | **pi**- | **pinngujuq**  
   *He is hungover.* |
| -t + | **naat** | **naanngujunga**  
   *I have a stomach ache.* |
| -k + | | **no example found** |
| -q + | **miriaq** | **mirianngujunga**  
   *I feel nauseous.* |
### -nnguaq(-)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Noun</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. ajjinnguaq</td>
<td>an object that resembles something else</td>
<td>a photograph</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. pinnguaq</td>
<td>a model or toy version of something</td>
<td>a toy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>qamutinnguaq</td>
<td>a toy or model qamutiik</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Verb</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3. pinnguaqtut</td>
<td>to simulate something or pretend to be something</td>
<td>They play.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>qilaujjannguaqtuq</td>
<td>He pretends to play the drum.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suffix</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>nuna</td>
<td>nunannguaq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>nunasiut(i)</td>
<td>nunasiutinnguaq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>sinik-</td>
<td>sininnguaqtut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>umiaq</td>
<td>umiannguaq</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-nnguq-

noun ➔ verb 1. to transform into something; to become

asinnguq\_palliajuq
It is gradually changing into something else.

ilisaiji\_nngulauqtuq
He became a teacher.

verb ➔ verb 2. to be tired of doing an activity or action

takunnguqtuq
She is tired of seeing something.

-i/-u/-a + sana- sanannguqtut
They are tired of working.

-t + qulit quinnguqtut
They add up to ten.

-k + pijarak pijarannguqtuq
He became a criminal.

-q + igunaq igunannguqtuq
It has fermented.
### -paluk(-)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Case</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Noun</td>
<td>almost a certain time or amount</td>
<td>maanna paluk</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>soon</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Verb</td>
<td>almost; somewhat</td>
<td>uqumaipaluktuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a little bit heavy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Extension</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a+</td>
<td>piupaluktuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>It's a bit nice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t+</td>
<td>qautamaatpaluk</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>almost every day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k+</td>
<td>naammapaluktuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>It's almost enough.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q+</td>
<td>qitiqpaluktuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>It's almost half full; almost in the middle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -pillak-

**verb ➔ verb**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affixes</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a + | **tuti-** | tutipillktara  
*I stepped on it briefly.* |
| -t + | **qiqi-** | qiqipillktuq  
*It had a little frostbite.* |
| -k + | **kasak-** | kasapillktara  
*I accidently touched it for a bit.* |
| -q + | **tittulaaq-** | tittulaapillkuni  
*The trumpets sounded for a short time.* |

#### 1. to do something for a short period of time or to a limited extent

- **sinipillalaukatuinnaqtuq**  
*She slept only briefly.*

- **tikilaupillaktuq**  
*He passed briefly through town.*
# -qai

## noun ending

1. perhaps; maybe

   *qaukpaqqai?*
   
   maybe tomorrow?

## verb ending

   *Ullumi tikiniaqtuqqai*
   
   *Maybe he will arrive today.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>Miali</th>
<th>Mialiqai</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>maybe Miali</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| -t + | ujarattiarmut | ujarattiarmuqqai |
|      | also         | *Maybe with a hammer?* |

| -t + | aullaqqaujut | aullaqqaujuqqai |
|      |              | *Perhaps they departed?* |

| -k + | niksik | niksqqai |
|      |       | maybe the hook |

| -q + | anikainnaqtuq | Piita anikainnaqtuqqai. |
|      |               | *Maybe Piita stepped out for a bit.* |
-qajaanngit-

noun ➔ verb

1. an emphatic way of saying someone has none of something

kinaujaqajaanngittunga
I have absolutely no money!

Aullarumagaluaruama kisiani
umiaqajaanngittuq!
Even though he wants to go, he has no boat!

-i/-u/-a + iluli  
iluliqajaanngittuq!
It is completely empty!

-t + ulamautiqajaanngittuq!
He doesn't even own an axe!

-k + inuqajaanngittuq!
There’s nobody (here)!

-q + tunnuq  
tunnuqajaanngittuq!
It has absolutely no fat!
-qamminngit-

1. follows the past marker -lauq- to indicate something that has not happened for some time or something that happened long ago

aullalauq qamminngittunga
I haven’t travelled in some time.

takulauq qamminngittara
It’s been a long time since I saw him.

tikilauq qamminngittuq
He/she/it arrived a long time ago.

tusaalauq qamminngittara
I haven’t heard it in a long time.

piqsilauq qamminngittuq
There hasn’t been a blizzard in quite a while.
### -qaq-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>noun ⇒ verb</td>
<td>1. to possess something</td>
<td>qamutiqaqtunga I have a qamutiik.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>nipi</td>
<td>nipiqanngittuq He has no voice; it does not make a sound.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>nunasiut + i</td>
<td>nunasiutiqarniaqpit? Will you have a car?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>savik</td>
<td>saviqaqpa? Does she have a knife?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>nukaq</td>
<td>nukaqaqtunga I have a younger sibling (of the same sex).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-qarvik

noun ➔ noun

1. a place where something is located or stored
   
   nunakkuurutiqarvik
   a garage

   niurrutiqarvik
   a market

   igluqarviviniq
   a place where a dwelling once was

   takujagaqarvik
   a museum

   nunaqarvik
   a place where people live.

-i/-u/-a + saimmati saimmatiqarvik
a flag pole

-t + titirauti titirautiqarvik
a pencil case/holder

-k + uqsaluk uqsaluqarvik
an oil tank

-q + irngusiq irngusiqarvik
a cup holder
-qatau-

verb ➞ verb 1. to take part in an activity with others

piqataujut
They are involved.
aullaqatauvit?
Are you going along on the trip?
piqatautituva?
Is it included?
qaiqatauniaqpa?
Will he/she come too?

-i/-u/-a + katima- katimaqataulauqtuq
He took part in the meeting.

-t + tikit-
tikiqatauva?
Did she arrive too (along with someone)?

-k + iqalugasuk iqalugasuqataujumavit?
Do you want to come along fishing?

-q + ikajuq-

ikajuqataujut
They are involved in helping.
-qati

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>noun → noun</th>
<th>1. expresses a relationship defined by the noun root</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>angutïqatigiiðik</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>a pair of cousins whose fathers are brothers</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>verb → noun</th>
<th>2. two or more people involved in a common activity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>ilinniaqati</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>a classmate</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>takuqatigilauqtara</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>I saw him with her.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +  sana-</th>
<th>sanaqatigiiktuuð</th>
<th><em>The two of them are working together.</em></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-t +              saavït-</td>
<td>saaviqatïgå</td>
<td><em>the person I departed by boat with</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +              pisuk-</td>
<td>pisuqatïgilagið</td>
<td><em>Shall I walk with you?</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +              aullaq-</td>
<td>aullaqatigijåra</td>
<td><em>I am travelling with her.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -qattaq-

**verb ➔ verb**

1. to do something repeatedly, regularly or often

   - **takuqattaqpiuk?**  
     *Do you see him often?*

   - **ikajuqattaqtuq**  
     *He often helps.*

   - **uqaqattaqsimammata**  
     *because they have said repeatedly…*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>ilau-</td>
<td><strong>ilauqattaqtunga</strong></td>
<td>I take part regularly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>tikit-</td>
<td><strong>Tikiqattaqtuq qulaani.</strong></td>
<td>It often arrives at noon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>katak-</td>
<td><strong>kataqattarmat</strong></td>
<td><em>because it falls all the time</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>pittiaq-</td>
<td><strong>pittiaqattanngittuq</strong></td>
<td><em>She misbehaves often.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -qauq-

- **noun ➔ verb**  
  1. to have a lot of something  
     * qimmiqauqtuq  
     * He has a lot of dogs.
  
  2. there is an abundance of something  
     * sikuqauliqtuq  
     * There is a lot of ice now.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Prefix</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a + ila-</td>
<td></td>
<td>ilaqauqtunga</td>
<td>I have a lot of relatives.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t + amaut + i</td>
<td></td>
<td>amautiqauqtuq</td>
<td>She owns many amautis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k + paniq</td>
<td></td>
<td>paniqauqtuq</td>
<td>He has many daughters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q + irniq</td>
<td></td>
<td>irniqauqtuq</td>
<td>She has many sons.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -qpak

**noun ➔ noun**

1. marks a noun that is big

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Root</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>iglu</td>
<td>igluqpak</td>
<td>a big house</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a</td>
<td>ulu</td>
<td>uluqpak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ulu</td>
<td>a big ulu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t</td>
<td>aluut</td>
<td>aluutiqpak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>i</td>
<td>tablespoon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k</td>
<td>iqaluk</td>
<td>iqalukqpak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>a big fish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q</td>
<td>umiaq</td>
<td>umiaqpak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>a large boat</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
verb → verb

1. to do something first or before another action

**taikunngaqqaarunnaqtuguk**
The two of us can go there first.

**Igluliliaqqalaaqpisi?**
Are you going to Iglulik first?

**niriqqaarlanga**
Let me eat first.

**Makiqqaalauqluni kaapitulaquqtuq.**
First he got up and then had some coffee.

**Isiqqaarani paallalauqtuq.**
Before she came in, she tripped.

---

**-i/-u/-a + ani-**

**aniqqaarlanga**
Let me go out first.

---

**-t + ingit-**

**ingiqqaarluk**
Let’s sit down first.

---

**-k + uqallak-**

**uqallaqqalauqtuq**
She spoke first.

---

**-q + niuvirvingmuaq-**

**niuvirvingmuaqqaqtunga**
I got to the store first.
### -qqau-

Verb ➔ Verb

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Example Word</th>
<th>Example Sentence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a + | uqalugvgi- | uqalugvgiqqaujanga  
*He called her earlier.* |
| -t + | tikit- | tikiqqauvat?  
*Did they arrive earlier?* |
| -k + | pisuk- | Maunga pisuqqauvit?  
*Did you walk here?* |
| -q + | sinittiaq- | sinittiaqqauunginnama  
*because I didn’t sleep well* |
verb $\rightarrow$ noun

1. an instrument or tool for performing a particular action.

**iktaqqut**
an object used to weigh something down.

**puktaqqut**
a float; flotation device

**ungaluqquttiqtaq**
a second round of blocks added around an iglu

**tasiqqut**
a device used for stretching skins

**qaummaqqut**
a lamp

**atittuqqut**
a patch of material added to a piece of clothing
-qquuq-

verb ➔ verb

1. adds a lack of certainty to a statement by the speaker: something is likely or probable; something may be the case

pijarii-qquuqtugut
We are probably done.

Piuniqsaunajaqquuqtuq taimanna.
It would probably be better that way.

kingulliqpaanguqquuqtuq
It may be the last one.

tukisittiaqquunqinnakku
I don’t think I understand it properly.

2. (followed frequently by the noun maker -ji) to seem like something

nalunaqquujinnigilaq
It seems quite clear.

kuugvaluqquujijuq
It sounds like it might be the river.

-i/-u/-a + ai-

aiqquuqtanga
I think he’s come to pick her up.

-t + ilit-

iliqquuqtanga
She has probably learned it.

-k + ullak-

ullaqquuqtuq
I think he is running.

-q + tusaq-

tusaqquurataaqtara
I think I just heard it.
**-qquuqtu-**

**noun ➔ verb**

1. to have large physical features or characteristics

   nunaliqquqtujut
   *They are a large community.*

   qingaqquqtujuq
   *He has a big nose.*

**-i/-u/-a + nipi**

   nipiqquqtujuq
   *It is loud.*

**-t + siut + i**

   siutiqquqtjuq
   *She has big ears.*

**-k + kukik**

   kukiqquqtugami
   *because he/she/it has long nails.*

**-q + tuipi**

   tupiqquqtuulaangujuq
   *His tent is the biggest.*
### -qu-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. to want someone to do something; to ask someone to do something</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>tusaumaqullutit</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>I want you to know that...</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>qaiqujanga</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>She asked/invited him to come.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>apiri-</th>
<th>apiriqujuagama</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>I’ve been told to ask...</em></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-t +</th>
<th>ingit-</th>
<th>ingiqujujusi</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>You are asked to sit down.</em></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-k +</th>
<th>uqallak-</th>
<th>uqallaqujara</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>I want him to talk.</em></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-q +</th>
<th>isiq-</th>
<th>isiqujakka</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>I want them to come inside.</em></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-quti

table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a  +</th>
<th>noun</th>
<th>1. used to mark ownership or a relationship with endearment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>nuna</td>
<td>nunaqutiga</td>
<td>something that belongs to me</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>angajukliqpaaqutinga</td>
<td>her eldest child</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| -t  +     | nunasiut + i | nunasiutiqutinga a car that she owns and loves            |

| -k  +     | panik        | paniqutiga a car that she owns and loves                  |
|           |              | my dear daughter                                          |

| -q  +     | uqausiq      | uqausiqutiga my own precious language                    |
### -rajak

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Root</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a + | tuktu | tukturajak  
caribou skin |
| -t + | | no example found |
| -k + | qavvik | qavvirajak  
wolverine fur |
| -q + | tiriganiaq | tiriganiarajak  
fox fur |
### -ralaaq

**noun → noun**

1. something small
   - **nunaliiralaaq**
     - an outpost camp
   - **uqalimaagaralaaq**
     - a small book
   - **qarasaujaralaaq**
     - a laptop

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a + iglu</td>
<td><strong>igluralaaq</strong></td>
<td>a small house; a cabin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t + angut + i</td>
<td><strong>angutiralaaq</strong></td>
<td>a small man</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k + niuvirvik</td>
<td><strong>niuvirviralaaq</strong></td>
<td>a small store; a corner store</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q + umiaq</td>
<td><strong>umiaralaaq</strong></td>
<td>a small boat</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-raq-
-gaq-

verb ➔ verb

1. an action that takes place over time or in stages

**majuraqtuq**
He is climbing.

**tisuraqtuq**
He/she/it slides.

---

\[-i/-u/-a +\]

**tuqu**-

**tuquraqtut**
They die, one after the other.

---

\[-t +\]

**tikit**-

**tikiraqtut**
They arrive, one after the other.

---

\[-k +\]

**katak**-

**katagaqtut**
They are falling off.

---

\[-q +\]

**aqsaaq**-

**aqsaaraqtut**
They are playing the finger-pull game.
-rataaq-

verb → verb 1. marks an action that has happened a short time earlier in the day

uqalugvigirataaqtara
I just called him.

-i/-u/-a + apiqqutigi- apiqqutigirataaqtara the question I just asked

-t + qunngat- qunngarataaqtutit You just smiled.

-k + maquk- maqurataaqtuq It just rained a short time ago.

-q + pigialiq- pigialirataaqtilluta as we were just beginning…
-ruluk

noun ➔ noun

1. used to minimize the importance of something; expresses disparagement

unaruluk
this thing of little importance

2. used to express annoyance with or disparagement of a person or thing

qimmiruluk
an awful dog

-i/-u/-a + tainna tainnaruluk
that person/thing of little importance

-t + isiriut + i Isiriutiruluga piqtuviniq.
This old button of mine came off.

-k + qarliik Qarlirulungik aliktuuk.
His old pants ripped

-q + sirluaq sirluarulunni
in my old shed (one that is not special, or remarkable)
-rusiq

noun ➔ noun

1. a unit, section or part of something

**iglu**rusiq
*a bedroom*

**pinasua**rusiq
*a week*
-saali-

verb ➔ verb

1. to do something earlier than normal or expected

iqqummaq saali junga
I woke up early.

ikummaksaliljunga
I lit the qulliq ahead of time.

anisaliljakka
I sent them out early.

-i/-u/-a + qai-

qisaaliljugut
We came early.

-t + tikit-

tikisaaliljugut
We arrived early.

-k + majjak-
majjaksaliljugut
We cleaned the sealskin ahead of time.

-q + pijariiq-
pijariiqsalilqaujut
They finished early.
### -saaq-

**verb ➔ verb**

1. marks an action that happens abruptly
   
   **anisaaqtuq**  
   *He just up and left.*

2. marks an action that has just happened (the same day)
   
   **nirisaaqpit?**  
   *Have you just eaten.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suffix</th>
<th>Stem</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-<strong>i/-u/-a</strong></td>
<td>sani-</td>
<td><strong>sanisaaqtuq</strong></td>
<td><em>He just swept.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-<strong>t</strong></td>
<td>mit-</td>
<td><strong>misaaqtuq</strong></td>
<td><em>It just landed.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-<strong>k</strong></td>
<td>naluk-</td>
<td><strong>nalusaaqtuq</strong></td>
<td><em>It just dove down into the water.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-<strong>q</strong></td>
<td>uuktuq-</td>
<td><strong>uuktusaaqpit?</strong></td>
<td><em>Did you just try to do it?</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-sai-  -saq-

verb ➔ verb

1. to work at something/make an effort to achieve an outcome

- **sai-** is followed by an instransitive (single) verb ending.

- **saq-** is followed by a transitive (double) verb ending:

**iqqaqsaijuq**  
*He tried to remember something.*

**iqqaqsaqtanga**  
*He tried to remember it.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a + pavvi-</td>
<td>pavvisaijuq</td>
<td><em>He tries to annoy someone; he tampers with something.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t + tikit-</td>
<td>tikisaijuq</td>
<td><em>They order something (supplies, etc.)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k + qitummak-</td>
<td>qitummaksaijuq</td>
<td><em>She is working on softening skins.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q + salummaq-</td>
<td>salummaqsaqtanga</td>
<td><em>She works at cleaning it.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
---sarait---

verb ➔ verb

1. marks an action that happens quickly or easily

   *ninngak saraittuq*
   
   She gets angry easily.

   *alik saraittuq*
   
   It tears easily.

   *uuttisaraittuq*
   
   It cooks quickly.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>-t +</th>
<th>-k +</th>
<th>-q +</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>taku-</strong></td>
<td><strong>tatat-</strong></td>
<td><strong>qitummak-</strong></td>
<td><strong>aaniq-</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Qimmiq <strong>taku saraittuq</strong>.</td>
<td><strong>tatasaraittuq</strong></td>
<td><strong>qitummak saraittuq</strong></td>
<td><strong>aanniqsaraittuq</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>The dog is quick to see things.</em></td>
<td><em>It fills up quickly.</em></td>
<td><em>The skin softens easily.</em></td>
<td><em>He easily gets hurt.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -saut

verb ➔ noun

1. a device used to accomplish an action
   - **ussik[saut]**
     - *insulation*
   - **sinnak[saut]**
     - *something that helps one to fall asleep*
   - **ipik[saut]**
     - *sharpening device*
   - **ikkak[saut]**
     - *something used to start a fire; kindling*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>uqquu-</th>
<th><strong>uqquusaut</strong></th>
<th>a furnace</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>saluktit-</td>
<td><strong>saluktisaut</strong></td>
<td>something used to lose weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>qitummak-</td>
<td><strong>qitummaksaut</strong></td>
<td>something used to soften skins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>takuminaq-</td>
<td><strong>takuminaqsaut</strong></td>
<td>jewelry</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-si-

verb → noun

1. the action is happening now, where it was not the case before

katittunnaqsijugut
We are now able to start the meeting.

pijunnaqsiguma
when I am able

2. -si- is also used to express a verb that is normally transitive using an intransitive (single) verb ending:

ilisijuq
She put something down; placed something.

niksiksijuq iqalungmik
He has hooked a fish.

-i/-u/-a + sangu-
sangusijuq
He/she/it is turning now.

-t + tasit-
tasisijuq
It is starting to stretch.

-k + nammak-
nammaksikpat
when it is ready

-q + piiq-
piiqsijuq
She removes something.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Root</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-sima-</td>
<td>verb</td>
<td>1. the state someone or something is in upon the completion of the action described by the root</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>ani-</td>
<td>Maanna anisimavat?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>tikit-</td>
<td>tikitsimavisi?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>pituk-</td>
<td>pituksimajuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>tuktuliaq-</td>
<td>tuktuliaqsimajut</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

nirisimavit?
Have you eaten?

attungiq simajuq
It is tied together.

kataksimajuq
It is on the ground, having fallen.

qilaksimajuq
It’s knotted.

uusimajuq
It’s cooked.

Maanna anisimavat?
Are they out right now.

Have you arrived?

It is hitched.

They are out caribou hunting.
noun ➔ verb

1. to take something with the intention to use it

puarrijausiqtutuq
She took the shovel to use.

qilauttiqtutuq
He took the drum to play.

qukiutttiqtutuq
She took the gun to use.

ulurnautttiqtutuq
He took a cleaver to use.

ulamautttiqtutuq
He took the axe to use.
-siuq-

noun ➔ verb

1. searching, looking for something
   pualusiutuq
   She is looking for some mitts.

2. to hunt for something
   aqiggiqsiuqtut
   They are ptarmigan hunting.
   nanuqsiuqtuq
   He is hunting polar bear.

-\text{-i/-u/-a +}  ulu
   ulusiutuq
   She is looking for an ulu.

-\text{-t +}  amaut + i
   amautisiutuq
   She is looking for an amaut.

-\text{-k +}  ujarak
   ujarasiuqtut
   They are looking for rocks; miners

-\text{-q +}  mitiq
   mitiqsiuqtugut
   We are hunting ducks.
### -ssuujaq-

**1. to do something for a long time**

**sinissuujaqtuq**

You slept for a long time.

**ikumassuuaqtuq**

It was on for a long time (light, appliance, etc.)

### -i/-u/-a + niri-

**nirissuuaqtuqugt**

We have been eating for a long time.

### -t + tusiat-

**tusia ssuuaqtuq**

He’s been limping for a long time.

### -k + qiluk-

**qilussuuaqtuqualuk**

(A dog) was barking for a very long time.

### -q + inngiq-

**inngissuuaqtuqit**

You sang for a long time.
### -sunnit-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>sila</td>
<td>sila\textsubscript{sunnittuq} &lt;br&gt;It smells like the outdoors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>tipitirut</td>
<td>tipitirut\textsubscript{iqaluk} &lt;br&gt;It smells like perfume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>iqaluk</td>
<td>iqaluk\textsubscript{sunnittuq} &lt;br&gt;It smells like fish.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>uujuq</td>
<td>uujuq\textsubscript{sunnittuq} &lt;br&gt;It smells like boiled meat.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **noun \rightarrow verb**

1. to smell like something

   igunaq\textsubscript{sunnittuq} <br>It smells like igunaq!
**-suuq**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>verb → noun</th>
<th>1. someone who does something on a regular basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>inuktituusuuq</td>
<td>someone who speaks Inuktitut.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nirjau suut pirqutut</td>
<td>edible plants</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Examples

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>qangata-</th>
<th>qangata suuq</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>qangatauqangata-</td>
<td>qangata suuq</td>
<td>an airplane</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-t +</th>
<th>uivitut + u</th>
<th>uivituu suunguvit?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>uivituu</td>
<td>uivituu suunguvit?</td>
<td>Do you speak French?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-k +</th>
<th>pinajuk-</th>
<th>pinaju suuq</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pinaju</td>
<td>pinaju suuq</td>
<td>They consistently/regularly try.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-q +</th>
<th>taaq-</th>
<th>Taasuq ukiukkut.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>taaq-</td>
<td>Taasuq ukiukkut.</td>
<td>It is dark in the winter.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -taaq-

*noun ➔ verb*

1. to obtain or acquire something

   *quitaujaqtuq*

   *He acquired a parka.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Translation</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a + kaapi</td>
<td>kaapiataqpit?</td>
<td>Did you get/buy coffee?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t + uqaalaut + i</td>
<td>uqaaluituqpit?</td>
<td>Did you get a phone?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k + ningauk</td>
<td>ningauktuqtuuk</td>
<td>They have a new son-in-law.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q + uqsuq</td>
<td>uqsuqtaarvik</td>
<td>gas station</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
verb ➔ verb

1. marks an action that one has been anticipating: “it has finally happened”

   **panili**

   **tainnaqtut**

   *They are finally drying.*

   **-i/-u/-a +**

   **katiti-**

   **katititaqnaqta**

   *They finally gathered them up.*

   **-t +**

   **makit-**

   **makitaqnaqpat?**

   *Did they finally get up?*

   **-k +**

   **maquk-**

   **maquitaqnaqtuq**

   *It finally rained.*

   **-q +**

   **uqaq-**

   **uqatinaqtuq**

   *She finally said something.*
**-talik**

**noun ➔ noun**

1. there is/there are something in a particular place

   **Uujuqtalik kipumi.**
   There is uujuq on the table.

   **Sivatalik**
   There’s some biscuits.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a + | tii | **tiitalik**
|       |      | There’s tea! |
| -t + | tarraqtuut + i | **tarraqtuutitalik**
|       |      | There’s a mirror. |
| -k + | immuk | **immuktalik**
|       |      | There’s milk. |
| -q + | irngusiq | **irngusiqtalik**
|       |      | There’s a cup. |
### -tamaat

**noun ➔ noun**

1. each; every
   - **qautamaat**
     every day
   - **ullaaqtamaat**
     every morning

### -i/-u/-a + arraugu

- **arraaktuamaat**
  every year

### -t + pingajuat

- **pingajuattamaat**
  every Wednesday

### -k + unnuk

- **unnuktamaat**
  every evening

### -q + upirngaaq

- **upirngaaqtamaat**
  every spring
-taq-

(see also -jaq-)

noun ➔ verb

1. to collect something

qijuktaqtut
They went to collect heather.

verb ➔ verb

2. marks something that happens frequently

suraktaqtuq
It breaks often in the same spot.

-i/-u/-a + imu-

-imutaqtuq
It rolls up by itself.

-t + isivit-

-isivittaqtuq
It unfolds by itself.

-k + sinik-

-siniktaqtut
They spend the night elsewhere.

-q + imiq

-imiqtaqtut
They went to collect water.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-taqaq-</th>
<th><strong>noun</strong> ➔ <strong>verb</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. there is/are</td>
<td><strong>Siku</strong>\textit{taqalauqtuq tauvani}. There was ice there.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td><strong>tii</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>\textit{tiitaqaqpa}?</td>
<td>Is there any tea brewed?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td><strong>alurluijaut</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>\textit{alurluijautitaqangimmat}?</td>
<td>Is there no rug?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td><strong>kakiak</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>\textit{kakiaktaqaqpa}?</td>
<td>Are there any forks?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td><strong>imigaq</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>\textit{imigaqtaqarunniqtuq}</td>
<td>There is no more pop.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## -taqauq-

**noun ➔ verb**

1. there is/are a lot of something

   Uqalimaagaq **taqauqtuq** iluani.  
   There are a lot of books inside.

   sanajunnaqtuq **taqauqtuq**  
   There are a lot of people who could do the job.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Prefix</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a</td>
<td>pi</td>
<td><strong>pitaqauqtuq</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>there are a lot of...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t</td>
<td>nunasiut</td>
<td><strong>nunasiutiltaqauliqtuq</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>There are a lot of vehicles now.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k</td>
<td>siksik</td>
<td><strong>siksiktqauliqtuq</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>There are a lot of ground squirrels now.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q</td>
<td>palaugaaq</td>
<td><strong>palaugaatqaqtuq</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>There is a lot of bannock.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-ti-  
-titti-

verb ➔ verb

1. to cause an action to happen

ilinniaqtitangit
*She teaches them.*

suqquqtittijumavunga
*I want to make it clear to others.*

iglaqtittijualuulilaqtunga
*I really made them laugh.*

ikittijjut
*something used to light a fire*

Note: The affix -ti- is followed by a double (transitive) verb ending:

anitilaqtavut

The affix -titti- is followed by a single (intransitive) verb ending:

Piitamik anitittilaqqtugut.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>ani-</th>
<th>anitilaqtavut</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>We made them leave.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-t +</th>
<th>ikit-</th>
<th>ikitittijuq</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>She lit the fire.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-k +</th>
<th>tippak-</th>
<th>tippaktittijuq</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>It made something (place, object) stink.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-q +</th>
<th>aullaq-</th>
<th>aullaqtittiji</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>an outfitter</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
-ttannak

noun ➔ noun 1. something or someone stout, portly, fat

anguitittannak
a short, bulky man

-i/-u/-a + ulu
uluttannaga
my stout little ulu

-t + qaluraut + i
qalurautittannaga
my short shovel

-k + savik
savittannanga
his little knife

-q + qimmiq
qimmittannak
a dog with short legs
noun ending

1. too; also; as well

unattauq
This one, too.

verb ending

tuksijungattauq
I understand too.

-i/-u/-a +

uvanga

uvangatattauq
me, as well

-t +

ivvit

ivvittauq
you, as well

-k +

anijuuk

anijuuktauq
The two of them left as well.

-q +

tavvaniittuq

tavvaniittuqtauq
It is here as well.
### -ttaili- 
### -taili-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a + niri- | 1. to refrain from doing something | siniktailijunga  
*I am refraining from sleeping; I am trying not to sleep.*  
qiattailijuq  
*She stops herself from crying.* |
| -t + qamit- | 2. to tell someone not to do something | puiguqtailigit!  
*Don’t forget!*  
qimaktaillinnga!  
*Don’t leave me behind!* |
| -k + katak- | -q + isiq- | nirittailijuq  
*He refrains from eating; he is trying not to eat.* |
|         | qamittailiguk!  
*Don’t turn it off; don’t put it out!* |
|         | kataktailigit!  
*Don’t fall!* |
|         | isiqtailigitti!  
*Don’t come in!* |
-ttiaq(-)
-ttiavak

verb ➔ verb

1. to do something well or with precision

kuvijunnattiaqtuq
It pours well.

ummattiaptualuk
He grows a very full beard.

noun ➔ noun

2. something good

inuttiaq
a good person

often followed by the ending
-vak for greater emphasis:

silattiavak
exceptional weather

3. proximity in time or space

maannattiaq
very soon

-i/-u/-a + qaujima- qaujimattiaqtuq
She knows something well.

-t + qungat- qungattiaqtuq
She smiled beautifully.

-k + ulik- ulitterqangit
They covered it well.

-q + tusaq- tusattiaqtara
I hear it very clearly.
-tu-

verb ➔ verb

1. marks the intensity of an action or a characteristic

  pijariaqtujuq
  *It is difficult.*

  sivitujuq
  *It is along distance to travel.*

  miqsuriaqtujuq
  *It is difficult to sew; it would take a long time to sew.*

noun ➔ verb

  akitujut
  *They are expensive.*

-i/-u/-a + sila- silatujuq
  *She is wise.*

-t + pagvit- pagvitujuq
  *She is easily annoyed.*

-k + ikpiarjuk ikpiarjuktullugu
  *Make the pockets big!*

-q + tunnuq- tunnuqtujuq
  *It has thick fat.*
### -tuaq(-)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>noun ➔ noun</strong></td>
<td>uvangatuaq</td>
<td>only me</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>verb ➔ verb</strong></td>
<td>ajurnarunnituaqpat</td>
<td>as soon as possible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>atuinnautiluaruvit</td>
<td>as soon as you are ready</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>tavva</td>
<td>tavvatuaq</td>
<td>This is it; that’s all there is.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>ivvit</td>
<td>ivvituqaq</td>
<td>just you</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>marruuk</td>
<td>marruutuak (dual form)</td>
<td>only two</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>qattaq</td>
<td>Qattatuaq tigulugu!</td>
<td>Take the pail only!</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -tuinnnaq(-)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>noun</td>
<td>just; only</td>
<td><strong>inuktuinnnaq</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Inuktut only</strong></td>
<td><strong>anurituinnaq!</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Oh, it’s only the wind!</strong></td>
<td><em>atausiraag tuinnqaqtuq</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>He just caught one.</em></td>
<td><em>He just caught one.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>verb</td>
<td>just; only</td>
<td><strong>tigutuinnaaliruk!</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>Just take it!</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u-/a+</td>
<td>tigu-</td>
<td><strong>qalurauituinnarmut</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>with only a shovel</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t+</td>
<td>qaluraut + i</td>
<td><strong>pisutuinnaqtut</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>They are just walking.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k+</td>
<td>pisuk-</td>
<td><strong>pulaariaqtunga</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>I only came for a visit.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-tuq-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>noun → verb</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. to use something</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>umiaq tuqtut</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>They are boating.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. to eat or drink something</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>uujuqturumavit?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do you want to eat some ujuq?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| -i/-u/-a +   | iji      | ijiturumajuq |
|              |          | She would like to eat the eye. |

| -t +         | tingirraut + i | tingirrautituauqtut |
|              |                | They travelled by sailboat. |

| -k +         | kukuk        | kukukturumanngittunga |
|              |              | I do not want to have any chocolate. |

| -q +         | qajaq        | qajaqtuqtut |
|              |              | They are travelling by kayak. |
### -tuqaq(-)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Morpheme</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **noun** → **noun** |  | 1. something old | **Inuit maliga tuqangit**  
**Inuit traditional laws** |
| **verb** → **verb** |  | 2. to do something for a long time | **aullaqsimatuqatut**  
*They have been away for a long time.* |

#### -i/-u/-a + **siku**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Morpheme</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **siku** |  | **sikutuqaq**  
old ice; ice from the previous year | |

#### -t + **ulamaut**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Morpheme</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **ulamaut** |  | **ulamautituqaaluk**  
a very old axe | |

#### -k + **angunasuk**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Morpheme</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **angunasuk** |  | **angunasutuqaqlauqtuni**  
after he was hunting for a long time… | |

#### -q + **piqqusi**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Morpheme</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **piqqusi** |  | **piqqusituqaq**  
tradition | |
### -tuu-

#### noun ➔ verb

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>uvanga</th>
<th>uvangatuullunga</th>
<th>doing something by myself</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>ivvit</td>
<td>ivvituulutit</td>
<td>doing something by yourself</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>uilik</td>
<td>uilituulluni</td>
<td>She was the only one with a husband.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>uqaqtuq</td>
<td>uqaqtuulluni</td>
<td>He was the only one to say something.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Affix</td>
<td>Meaning</td>
<td>Example</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-tuuq</td>
<td>noun</td>
<td>a place where something is found in abundance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a + paula</td>
<td>Paulatuq</td>
<td>a sooty place; Paulaktuk</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k + iqaluk</td>
<td>Iqaluktuutiaq</td>
<td>a place with an abundance of fish; Cambridge Bay</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q + uqsuq</td>
<td>Uqsuqtuq</td>
<td>a place with an abundance of blubber; Gjoa Haven</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -u-\- -ngu-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-i/-u/-a +</th>
<th>-t +</th>
<th>-k +</th>
<th>-q +</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ilisaj</td>
<td>qukiut + i</td>
<td>inuk</td>
<td>takujuviniq</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. to be</th>
<th>2. a commonly used affix to convert a noun into a verb</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mialiujunga</strong></td>
<td><strong>angijualu ummat</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>My name is Miali.</em></td>
<td><em>because it is very big</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Charlesnguvit?** | **1971-ngutilugu nuktilauqsimaluq Iqalungnut.** |
| *Are you Charles; Is your name Charles?* | *In 1971, she moved to Iqaluit.* |

*The affix -ngu- is used after roots or other affixes ending in two vowels, a long vowel or a consonant.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>-t +</th>
<th>-k +</th>
<th>-q +</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Taanna qukiuti ujuq.</td>
<td>Inuuvva?</td>
<td>Takujuvini ujuq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>That is a gun.</em></td>
<td><em>Is he Inuk?</em></td>
<td><em>She saw something; she was a witness.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### -uq-

**verb ➔ verb**

1. marks a continuous, prolonged or repeated action

   **utaqqiuqtut**
   
   *They are waiting for whales to arrive.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Verb</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a + | amu-  | **amuuqtanga**
            |       | *He pulled in the long rope.* |
| -t +    | aqpa- | **aqpauqtuq**
            |       | *He runs to deliver a message.* |
| -k +    | ullak-| **ullaauqtuqtuni**
            |       | *He ran there fast.*          |
| -q +    | aittaq-| **aittauqtuq**
            |       | *She yawns.*                  |
-vaalliq-
-paalliq-

verb ➔ verb

1. describes an attribute or a state that has changed or increased over time

**tukisivaalliqtugut**
*We now understand better.*

**ipiksivaalliqtuq**
*It is sharper now.*

**sanngiktippaalliqtuq**
*It has been strengthened.*

**quviashuliqpaalliqtittisimallutik**
*They have made people feel happier.*

**-i/-u/-a + qauji-**

**qaujivalliqputit**
*You know more now.*

**-t + tikit-**

**Imaq kiglinganut tikippaalliqtuq**
*The water has come closer to the edge.*

**-k + pullak-**

**pullakpaalliqtuq**
*It is more bloated (than before).*

**-q + quaq-**

**quaqpaalliqtuq**
*It is more frozen now.*
verb ➜ verb

1. to do something ahead of time or before another event

qaujimattiaq pagiiqtut
They already knew quite well beforehand.

igluqaq pagiiqtuq
She already has a house.

qai vagiiqtuq sivuniani
He arrived beforehand.

pi vagiijaqtuq
to prepare for something ahead of time

-i/-u/-a +

niri-
nirivagiirit!
Eat something ahead of time!

-t +
tikit-

tikippagiiqpsi?
Have you arrived early (to prepare for something)?

-k +
uqsak-

uqsak pagiiruk!
Fill up with gas ahead of time!

-q +

paniqsaq-

paniqsaq pagiiruk!
Let it dry first!
verb ➔ verb

1. marks an action that happens repeatedly; on a regular basis or often

**sanajaqtuqpaktunga** 7-rujungmi.
*I go to work around 7.*

**nuatauvaktuviniiit**
*things that were often gathered/collected in the past*

**Kiinaujamik tunnirivaktara.**
*I often give him money.*

---

**-i/-u/-a +** qai-

**Tallirmirmi qaivaktuq.**
*She comes on Fridays.*

---

**-t +** mit-

**Mippaktuq avunga.**
*It lands over there.*

---

**-k +** ikummak-

**Ikummakpaktuq qullirmik.**
*She usually lights the qulliq.*

---

**-q +** miqsuq-

**miqsuqpaktuq**
*She often sews.*
**verb ➔ verb**

1. to sound like a particular action is happening

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a + qia-</td>
<td>qiavalattijuq &lt;br&gt;It sounds like she is crying.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t + tikit-</td>
<td>tikippalattijuq &lt;br&gt;It sounds like he has arrived (referring to the sound of footsteps, an approaching engine, dogteam, etc.).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k + ninngak-</td>
<td>ninngakpalattijuq &lt;br&gt;She sounds like she got angry.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q + ukkuiq-</td>
<td>ukkuiqpalattijuq &lt;br&gt;It sounds like it (a door) opened.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
verb ➔ verb

1. marks an action that is happening gradually over time

**angiglivalliajut**
They are gradually getting bigger.

**isiqpalliajut**
They are gradually making their way in.

**saqqippalliasuuq**
something that appears/reveals itself gradually

**-i/-u/-a + siku-**

**sikuvallialiqtuq**
The ice is starting to form.

**-t + uut-**

**uuppalliajuq**
It cooks slowly.

**-k + pisuk-**

**pisukpallialirannugli**
The two of us are going to start walking now.

**-q + asijjiq-**

**asijjiqpalliajuq**
It is gradually changing.
-valuk-

noun ➔ verb  

1. to make the sound of something

kuugvaluqquujuq
It sounds like it might be the river.

verb ➔ verb  

2. to make the sound of a particular action

Maqgvaluktumik tusaavit?
Do you hear the sound of the rain?

-i/-u/-a +  
anuri  

anurivaluktuq
It sounds like it is windy.

-t +  
siqumit-  
siqumipaluktuq
It sounds like it shattered.

-k +  
kuuk  
kuugvaluktuq
the sound a river is making

-q +  
tingmisuuq  
tingmisuurvaluktuq
It sounds like a plane.
### -vasaaq-

verb ➔ verb

1. adds an element of emphasis to something being told in order to accentuate something unexpected that happened

**Piqsuaruluujarakkit ullumimut tikiutijunnaq pasaarmata.**
I saved them so well, they actually lasted up until now.

**Aggakka tuluamut kukiq pasaarama.**
I bumped my hand so hard that my nail actually came off

**Kappiasuluarnikumut uqarunaillivasaarama.**
I got so scared I was actually unable to speak.

**Qimak pasaaramiuk tuaviluamut.**
He was in such a hurry, they left something behind.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a + niu-</td>
<td><strong>Niu pasaarama nangialuamut.</strong> I was so scared, I actually got off (qamutiik, etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t + uulit-</td>
<td><strong>Qiuluamut uulipasaalirama.</strong> I am so cold that I’m even shivering now.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| -k + qungannngusuk- | **Qungannngusuk pasaarama**
I actually feel like smiling! |
| -q + aannialiq- | **Aannialiq pasaarama ikisivaassuualuarnikumut.** I was sitting for so long, that it started to hurt. |
### -vigjuaq

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Root</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| -i/-u/-a + | katima- | kathamavigjuarniq  
an important meeting; a summit |
| -t + | ulit- | ulivigjualuarmat  
because there was a big tide |
| -k + | kuuk- | kuuvigjualuarmat  
The river is flowing too strongly. |
| -q + | pinnguaq- | pinnguavigjuaqtuni  
at the championship |

1. an action or event that happens to a big extent

*nirivigjuaqtut*

*a feast*
-vvik
-vik

verb ➔ noun

1. a place or time where an action takes place
   ilinniarvik
   a school
   pinnguarvik
   a recreation centre
   quviasugvik
   Christmas

-i/-u/-a +

ani-  anivvik
an exit

tikit-  tikivvik
arrival

tulak-  tulagvik
a breakwater

-k +

-t +

-q +
### -viniq

**noun ➔ noun**

1. denotes a former state of a person, animal or object

   **Iqalungmiutaviniq**
   a former resident of Iqaluit

   **Igluviniq**
   a structure that used to be a house; an abandoned house

2. describes something that is no longer alive

   **Tuktuviniq**
   a dead caribou

**verb ➔ noun**

3. describes the condition of a person, animal or object in the past

   **Aanniqtuviniujuq katakluni.**
   He was injured when they fell.

   **Uqquusaut qamittuviniq.**
   The furnace had stopped working.

   **Nuatauvaktuviniiit**
   The things that were gathered/collected long ago.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affix</th>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-i/-u/-a +</td>
<td>maligaliuqtie</td>
<td>maligaliuqtiviniq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-t +</td>
<td>amaut + i</td>
<td>amautavinira</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-k +</td>
<td>iqaluk</td>
<td>iqaluviniq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-q +</td>
<td>qukiqtiaq</td>
<td>qukiqtaviniq</td>
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